

Standard Model Measurements at the ATLAS Experiment

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3/27/2018

TCHOU Symposium

LHC

Swiss Alps

Particle Physics experiment at the world highest energy.
proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} \leq 14$ TeV

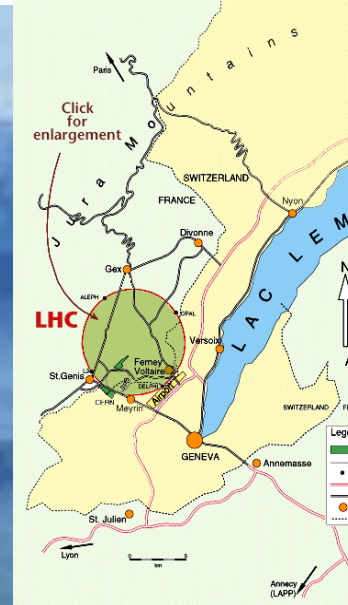
2010 First Collisions in LHC

2011-12 Run 1. 25 fb^{-1} at $\sqrt{s} = 7 - 8$ TeV.

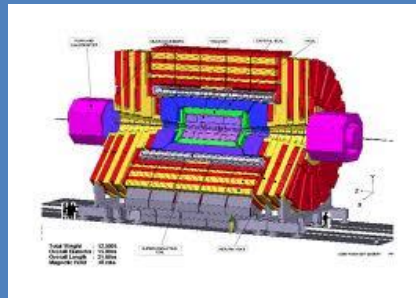
2012 Discovery of the Higgs boson at ATLAS/CMS.

2015-18 Run 2 at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV.

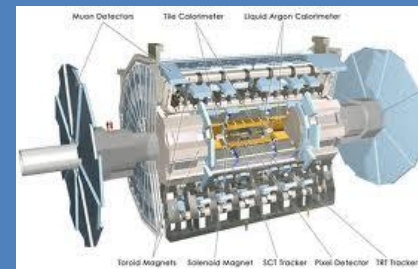
Geneve



CMS



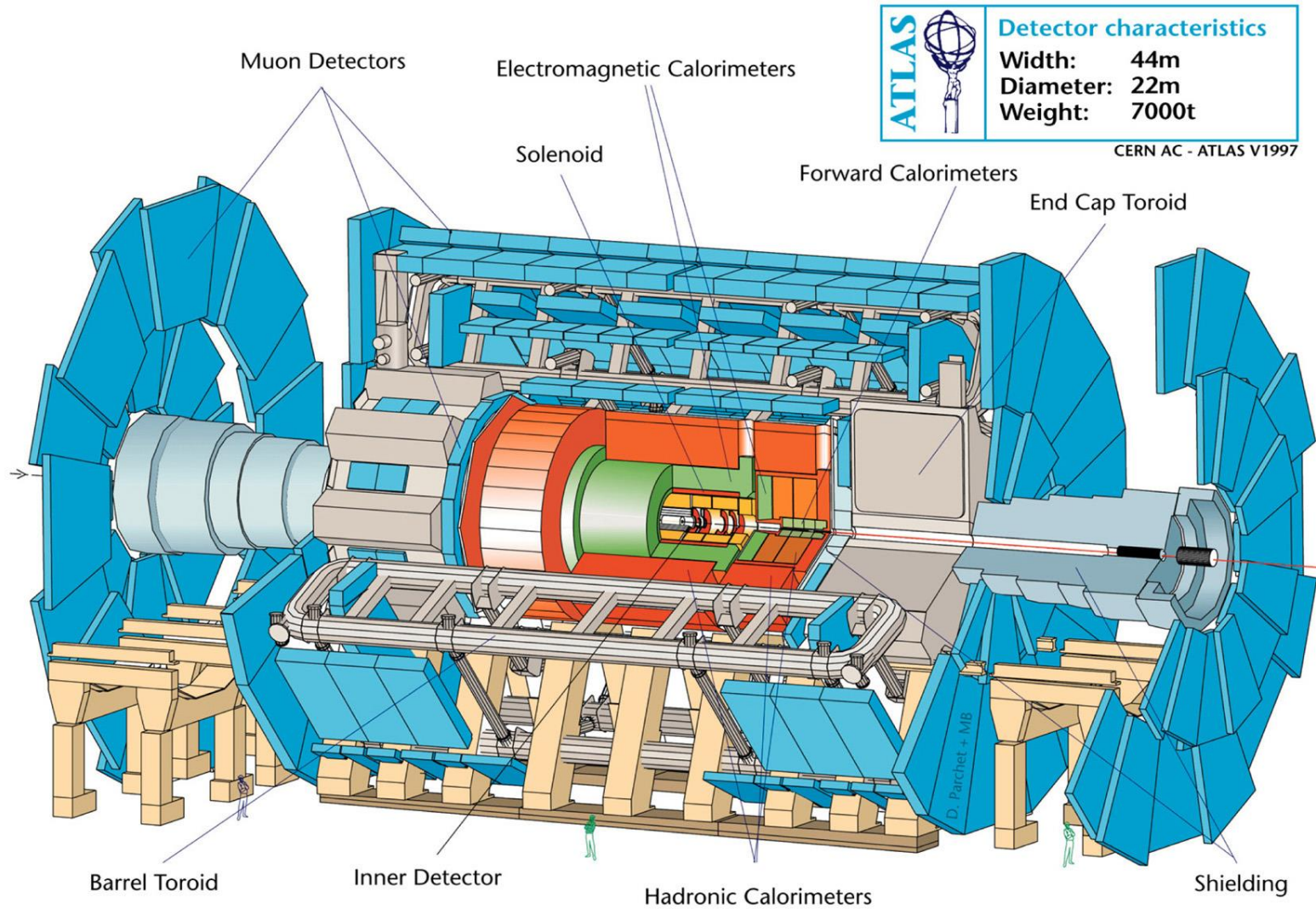
ATLAS



Circumference 27km

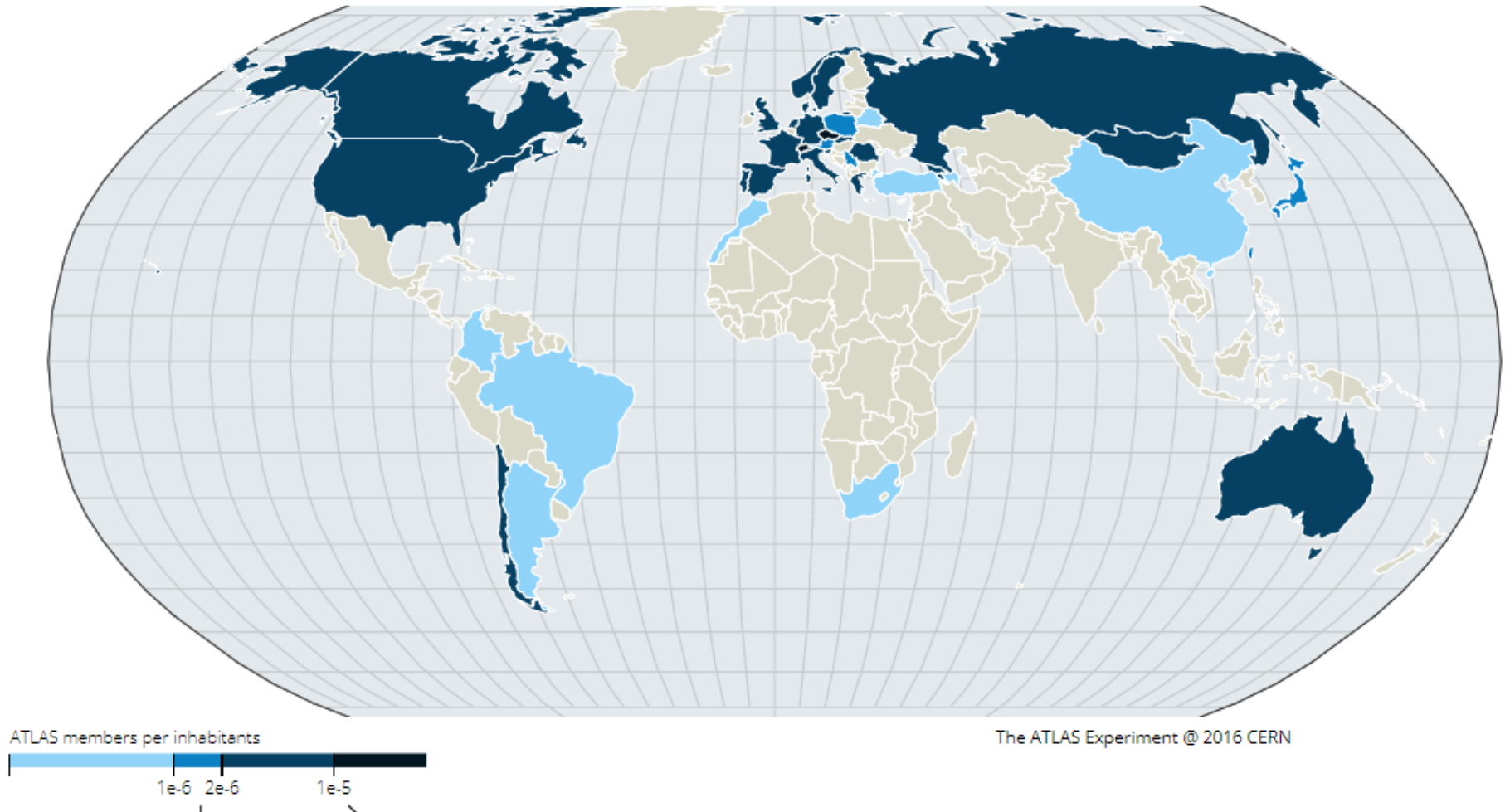
ATLAS Detector

Total weight: 7,000 t



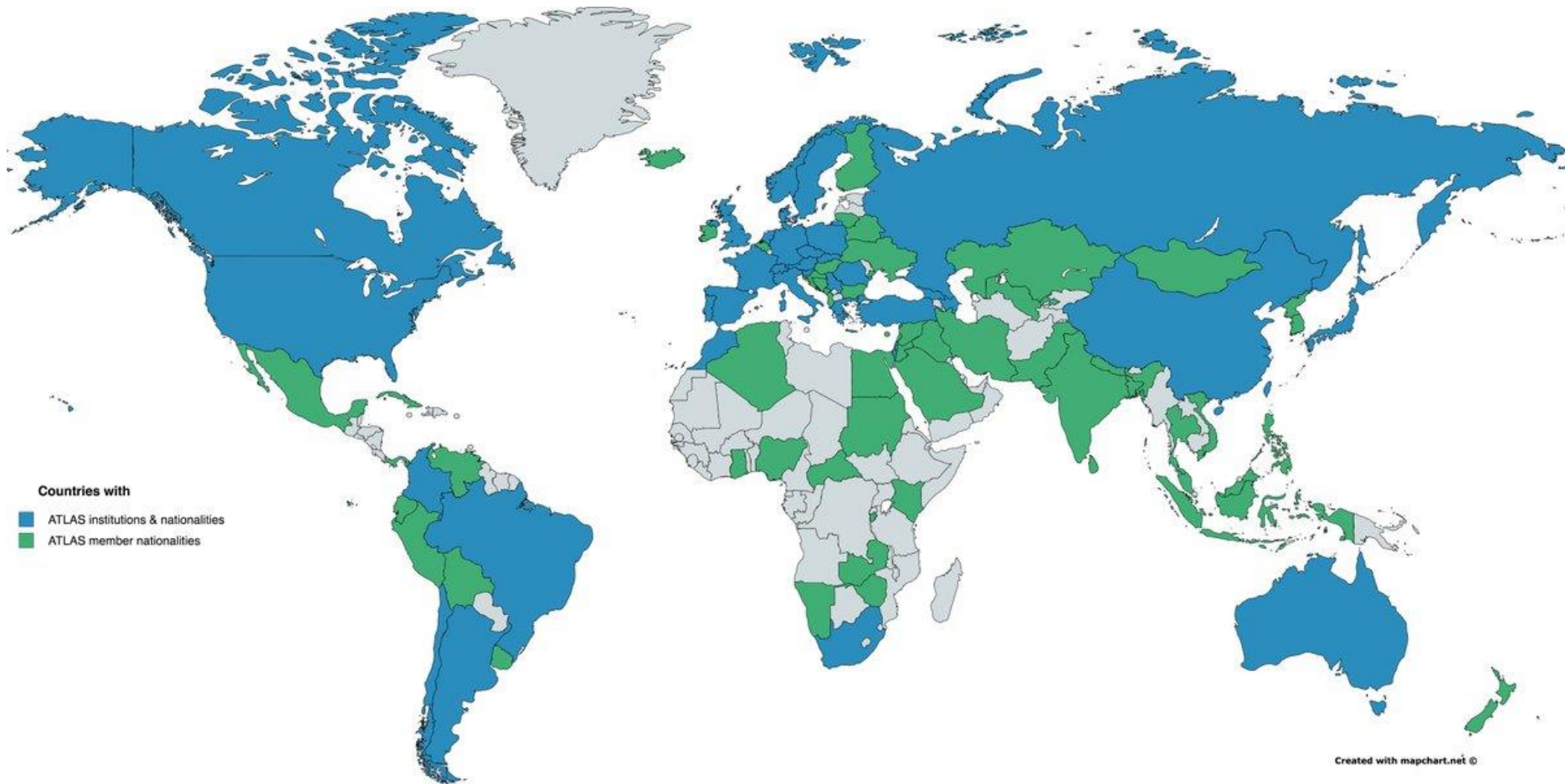
ATLAS Collaboration

- About 3000 scientific authors from 182 institutions in 38 countries.



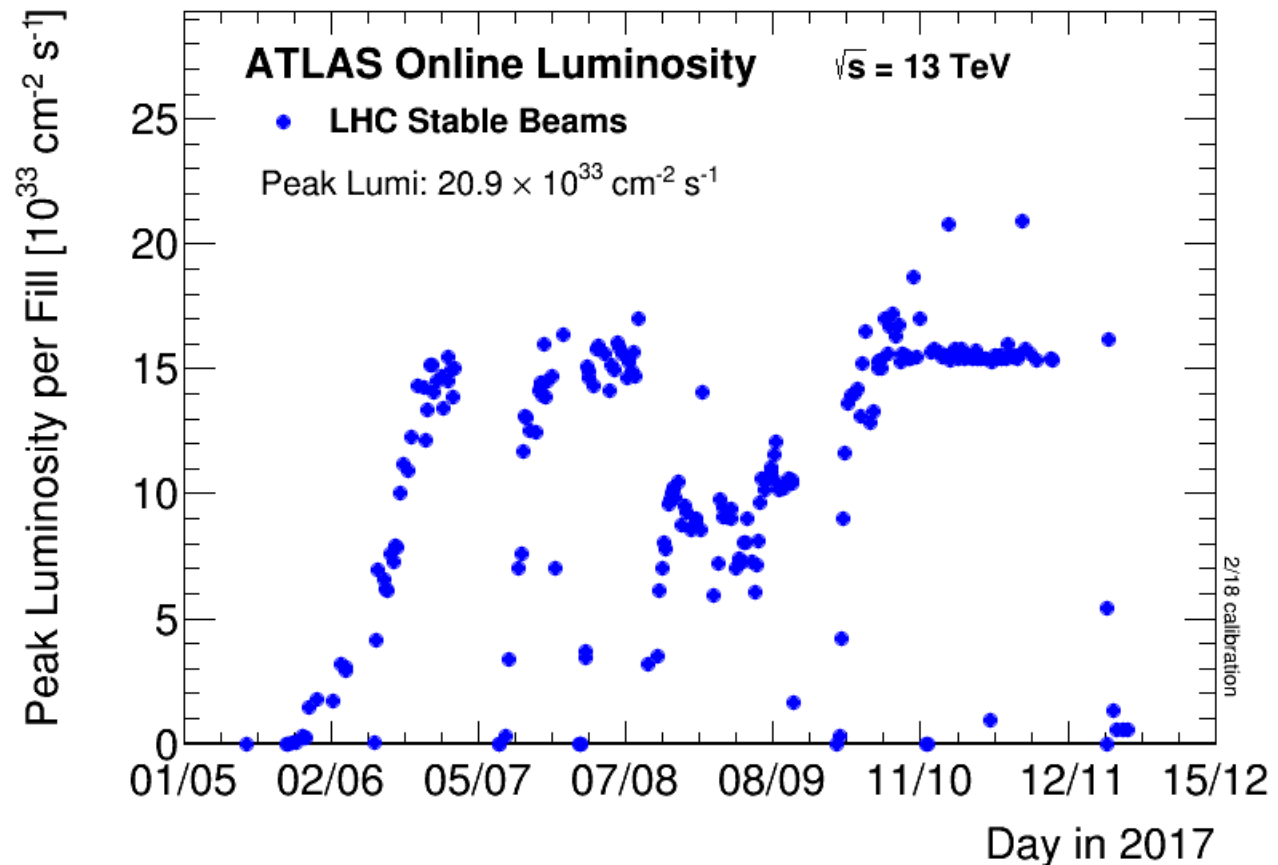
ATLAS Collaboration

- About 3000 scientific authors from 182 institutions in 38 countries. 94 different nationalities!!



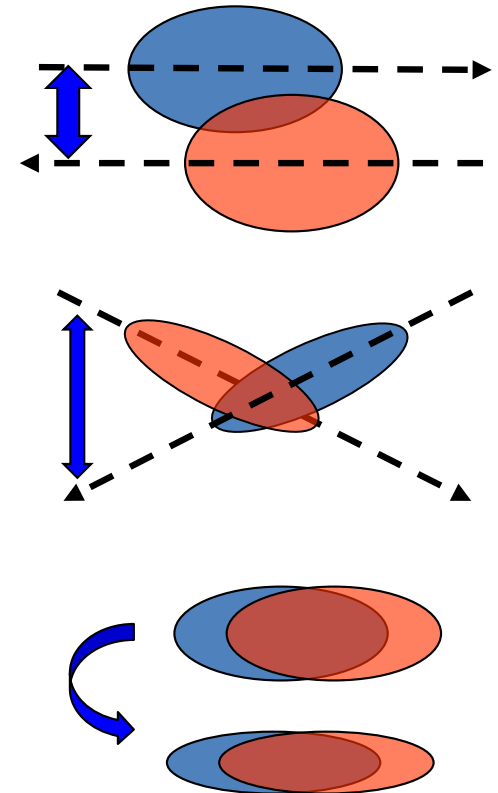
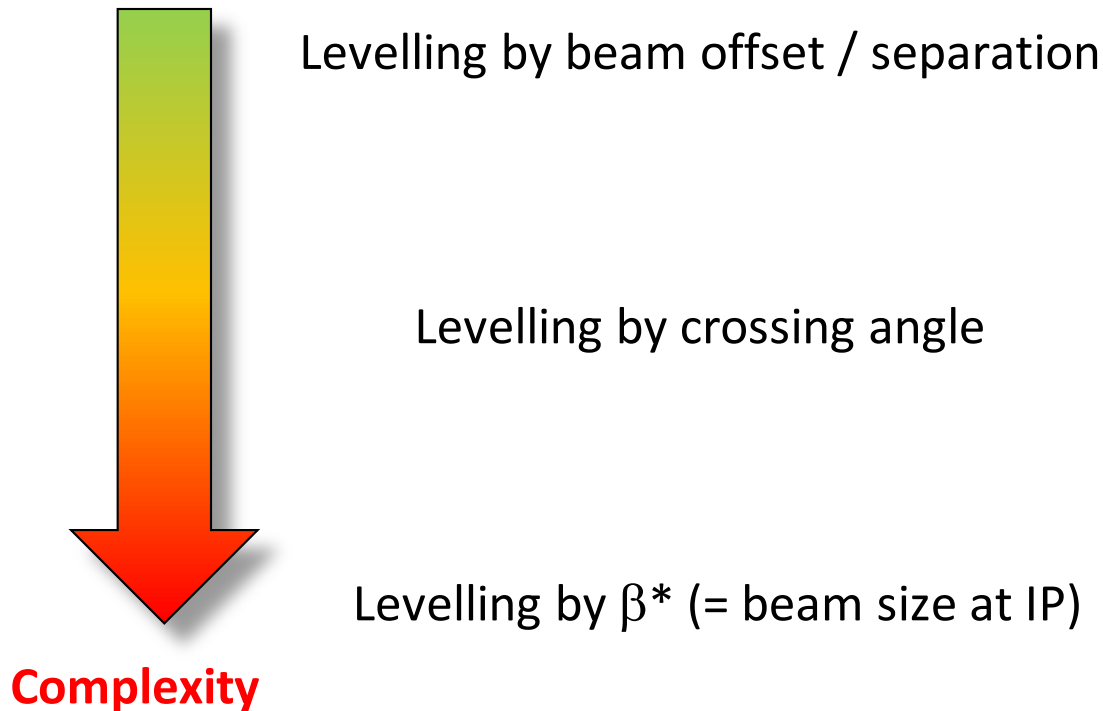
LHC Luminosity going high

- In 2018, the ATLAS trigger system could not keep up with the increase of instantaneous luminosity.
- The accelerator division had to introduce Luminosity leveling.



Luminosity levelling

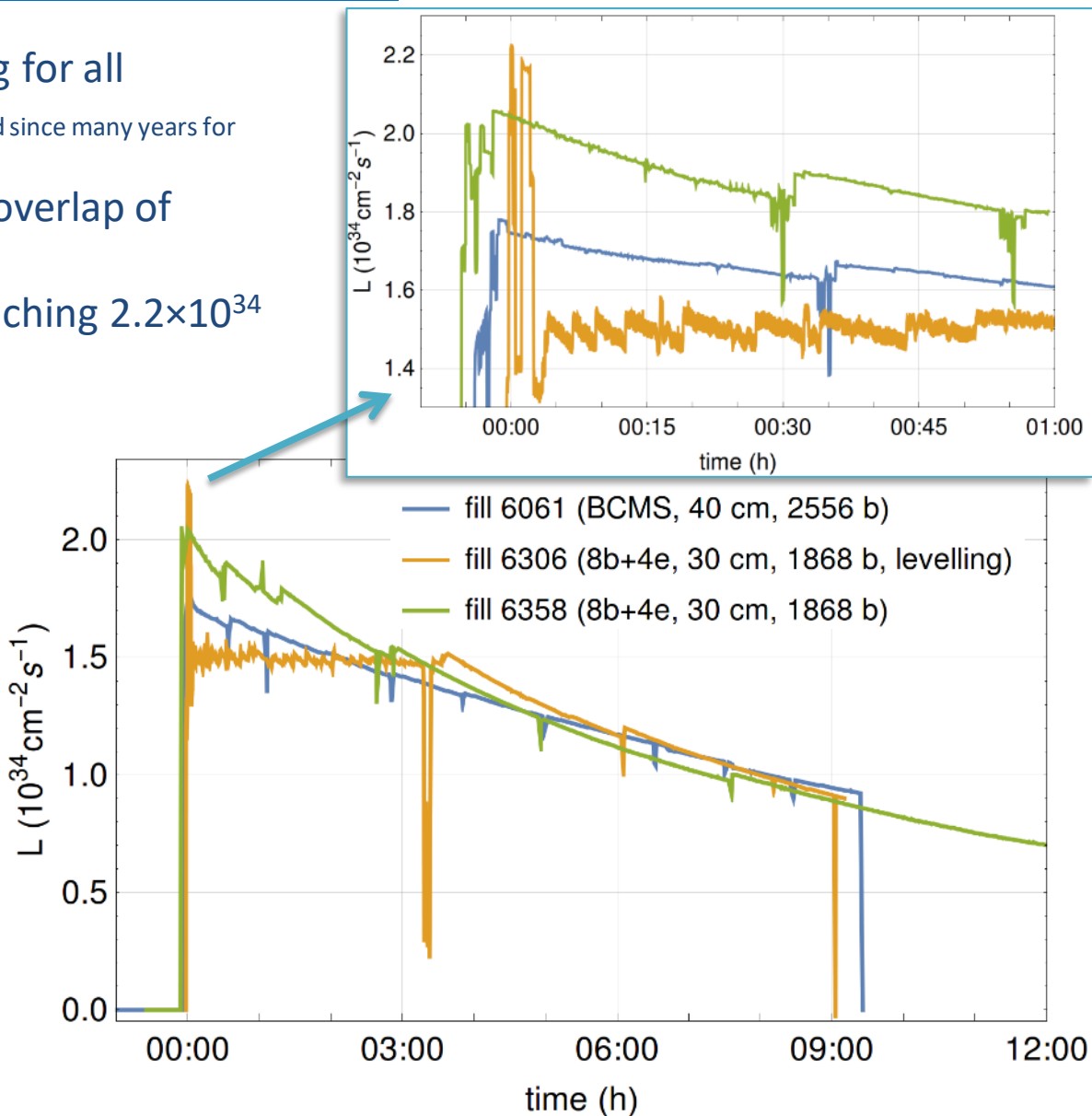
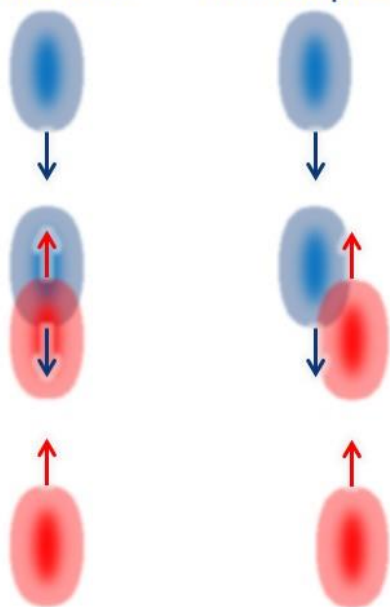
- In certain conditions and depending on the experiments request, it is desirable to adapt the luminosity dynamically with beams in collision – **levelling**
- Each levelling technique has its advantages and drawbacks



LHC 2017 : separation levelling

- Introduced separation levelling for all experiments (Separation levelling is used since many years for ALICE and LHCb)
- Dynamic orbit bump changes overlap of colliding bunches
- Initial spike before leveling reaching $2.2 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

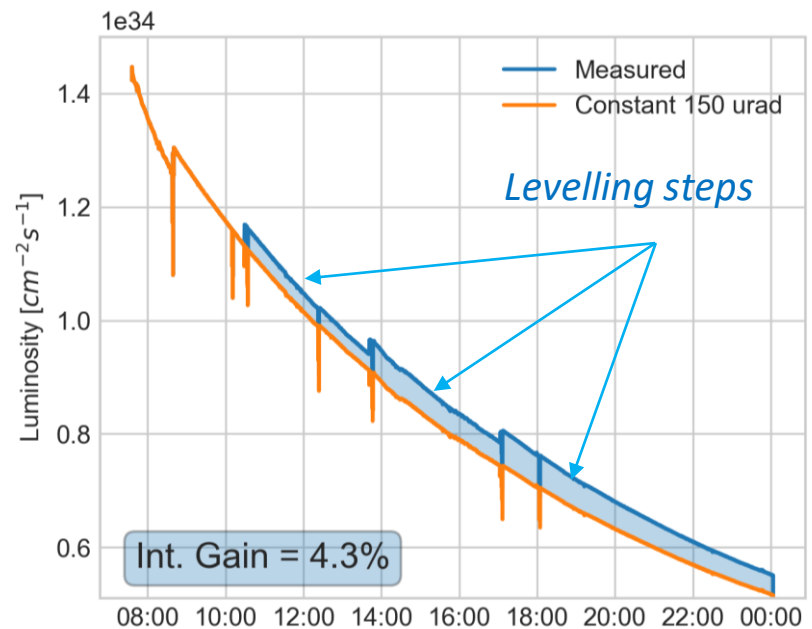
Max. lumi With separation






Anti-Levelling by Crossing Angle

Crossing angle anti-levelling operational

- Observed luminosity gain of **3-4 %**
- Steps of $-10 \mu\text{rad}$ at stable beams after 2h, 4h, 8h
 $150 \rightarrow 140 \rightarrow 130 \rightarrow 120 \mu\text{rad}$



Fill 5872
ATLAS Luminosity



BBLR studies and possible reduction of the crossing angles in the LHC

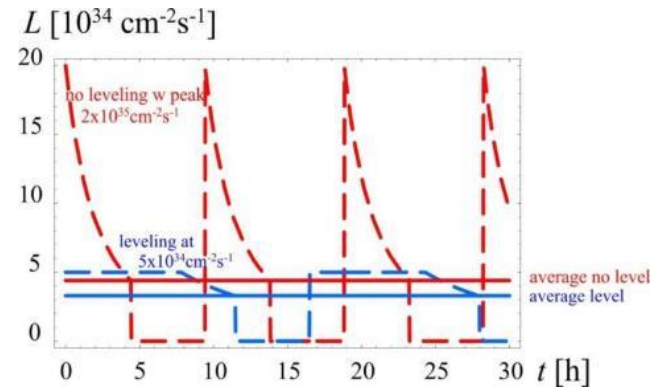
J. Barranco, X. Buffat, M. Crouch, T. Pieloni, C. Tambasco, B. Salvachua, M. Solfaroli, G. Trad, A. Gorzawski, G. Valentino,
J. Wenninger, S. Redaelli, R. Tomas, E. Metral, R. Bruce, M. Giovannozzi, Y. Papaphilippou, E. Hamish Maclen, R. De Maria, G. Arduini, S. Fartoukh, D. Pellegrini, E. Bravin, H. Bartoski, G. Iadarola

LMC, 31st August 2016

MD in 2016

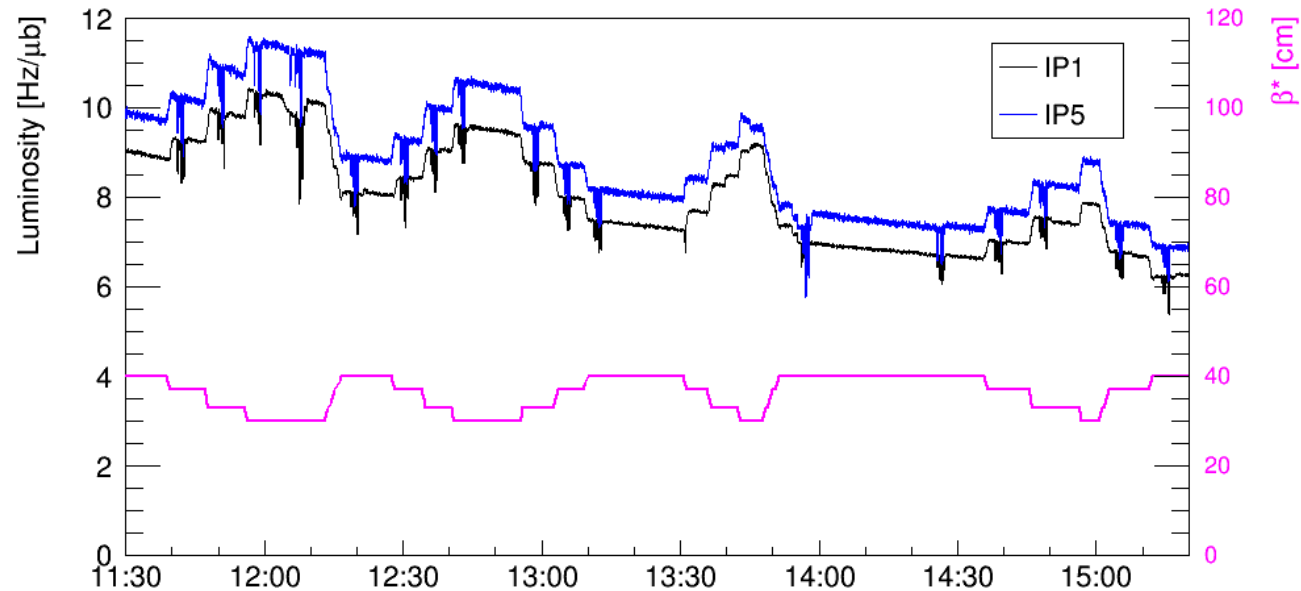
MDs on β^* levelling

Levelling luminosity by β^* should be the main levelling technique for HL-LHC



β^* levelling in the last LHC MD: a possible tool for 2018 operation

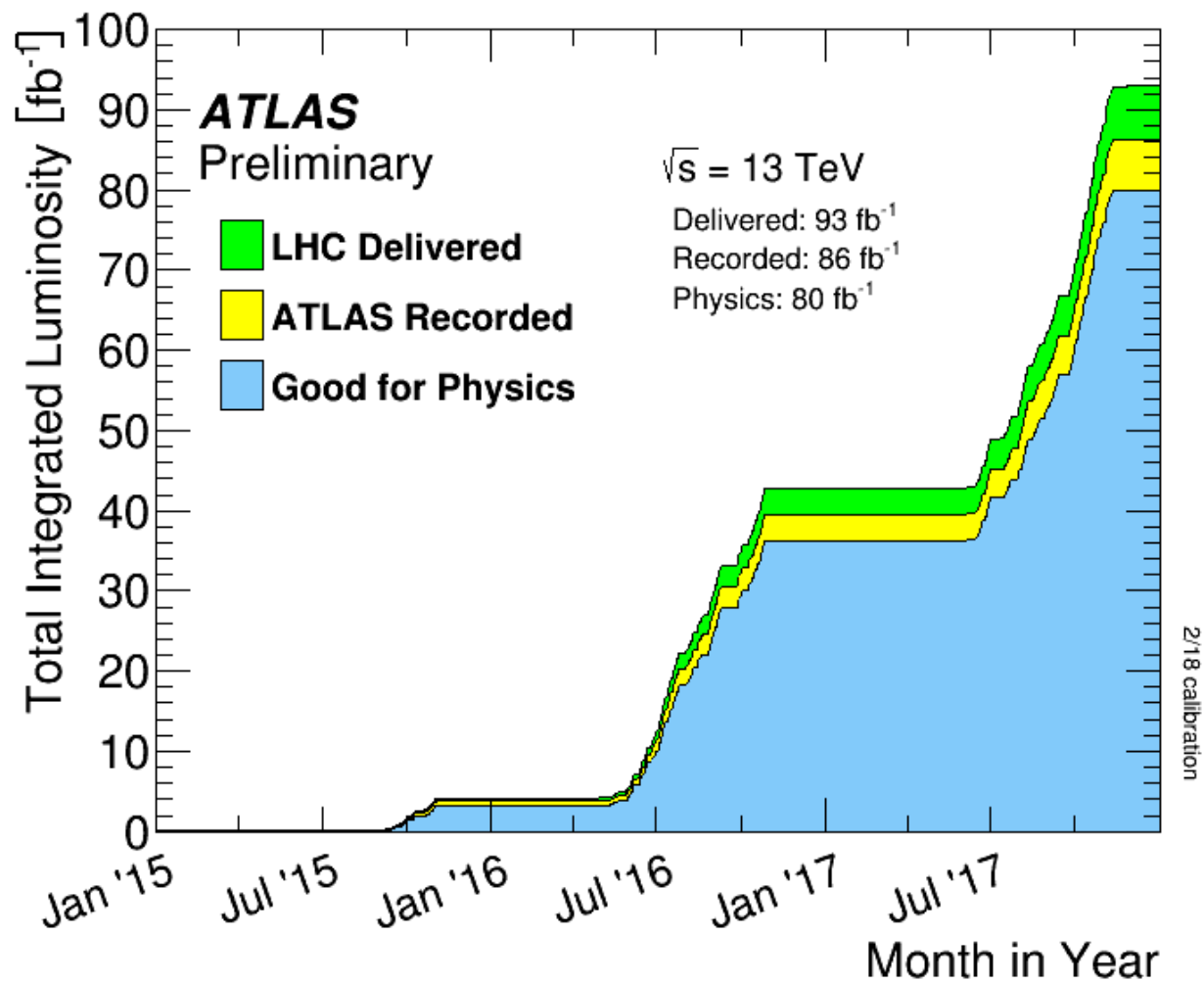
Aimed for final β^* :
27-25 cm



Luminosity evolution during β^ levelling, moving back and forth between 30 cm and 40 cm. The beams remained head-on **within** $\sim 2 \mu\text{m}$!*

ATLAS Run-2 Detector Status (from July 2017)

Subdetector	Number of Channels	Approximate Operational Fraction
Pixels	92 M	97.8%
SCT Silicon Strips	6.3 M	98.7%
TRT Transition Radiation Tracker	350 k	97.2%
LAr EM Calorimeter	170 k	100 %
Tile Calorimeter	5200	99.2%
Hadronic End-Cap LAr Calorimeter	5600	99.5%
Forward LAr Calorimeter	3500	99.7%
LVL1 Calo Trigger	7160	99.9%
LVL1 Muon RPC Trigger	383 k	99.8%
LVL1 Muon TGC Trigger	320 k	99.9%
MDT Muon Drift Tubes	357 k	99.7%
CSC Cathode Strip Chambers	31 k	95.3%
RPC Barrel Muon Chambers	383 k	94.4%
TGC End-Cap Muon Chambers	320 k	99.5%
ALFA	10 k	99.9%
AFP	430 k	93.8%



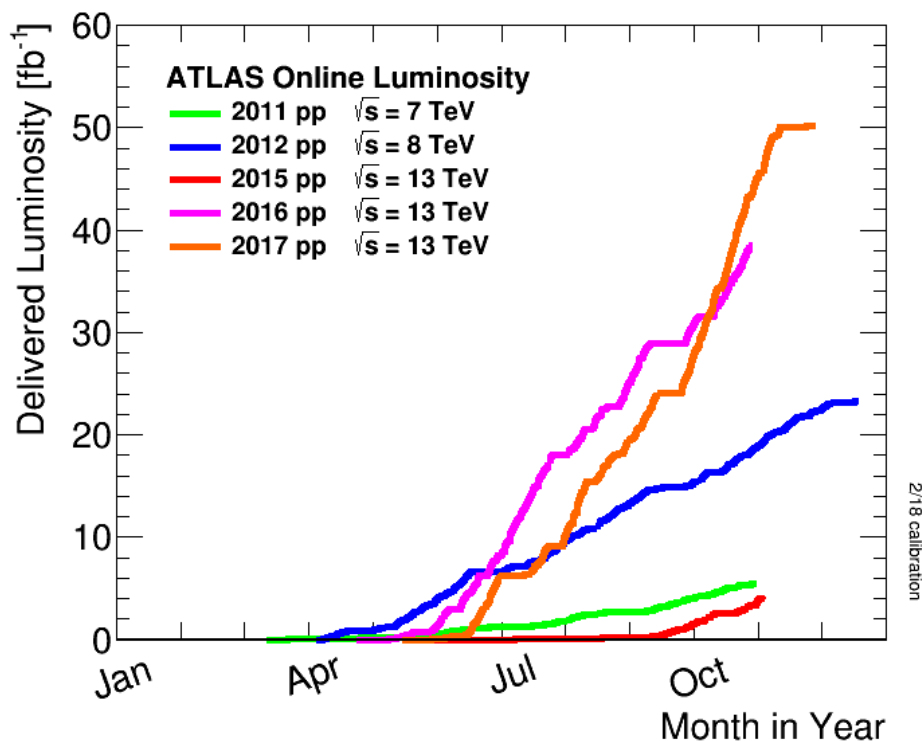
- 2018 alone:

Total Delivered: 50.2 fb⁻¹

Total Recorded: 46.9 fb⁻¹

Data taking efficiency~93%

Luminosities in Run 2



Run 1	$E_{CM}(\text{TeV})$	integ lumi [fb^{-1}]
2011	7	~ 5
2012	8	~ 21

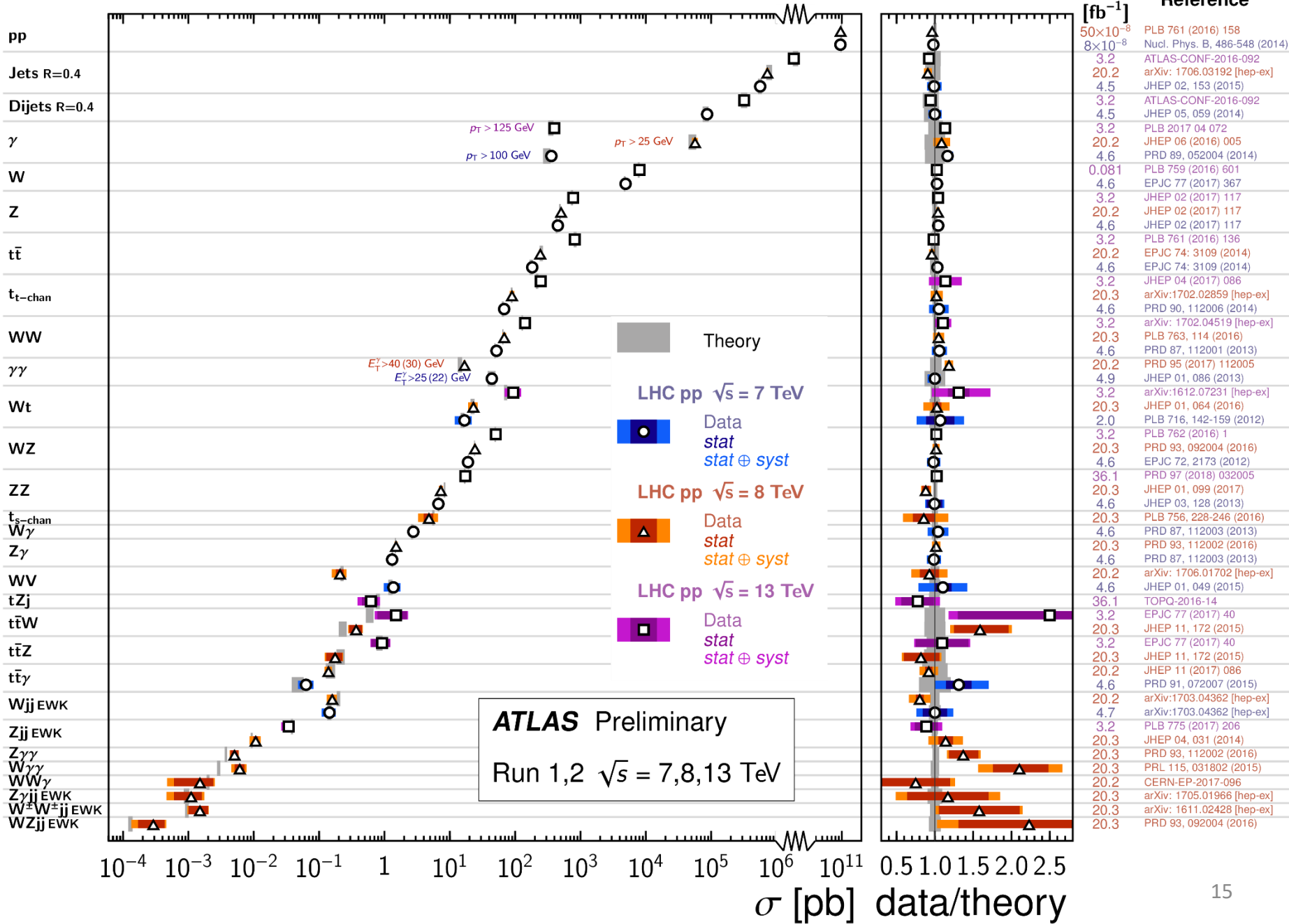
$E_{CM} = 13$ (TeV)

Run 2	Peak lumi $\text{E34 cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$	Days pp physics	Recorded integ lumi [fb^{-1}]
2015	0.5	56	3.9
2016	1.4	122	36.0
2017	2.1	150	46.9
2018	Similar to 2017	152	Similar to 2017

LHC long term schedule



Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

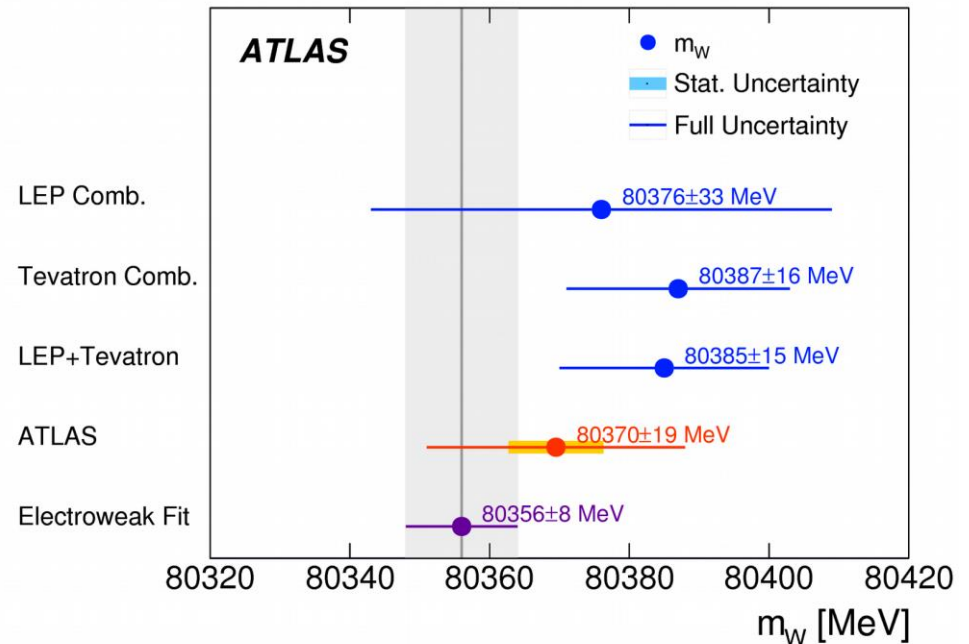
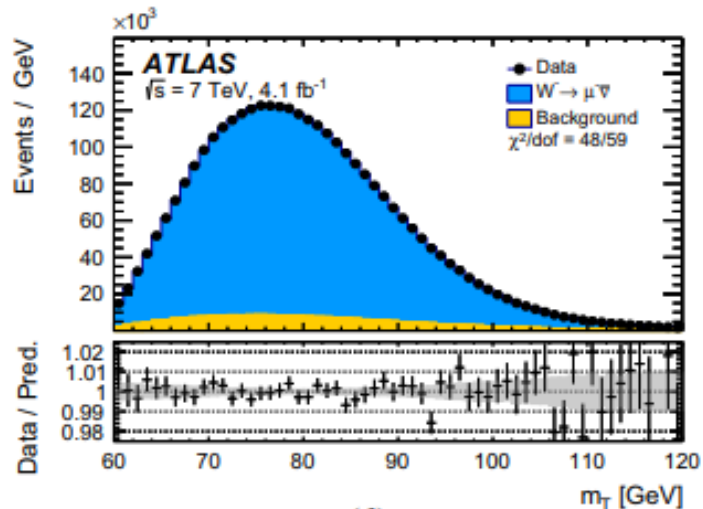
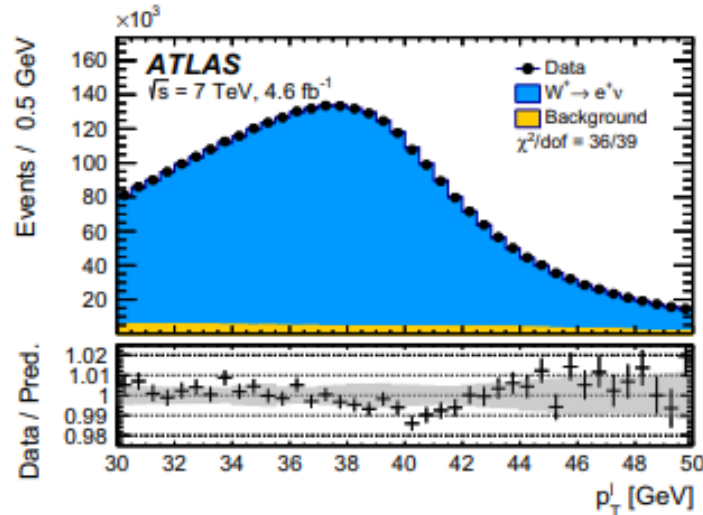


W mass at ATLAS

Eur. Phys. J. C 78 (2018) 110

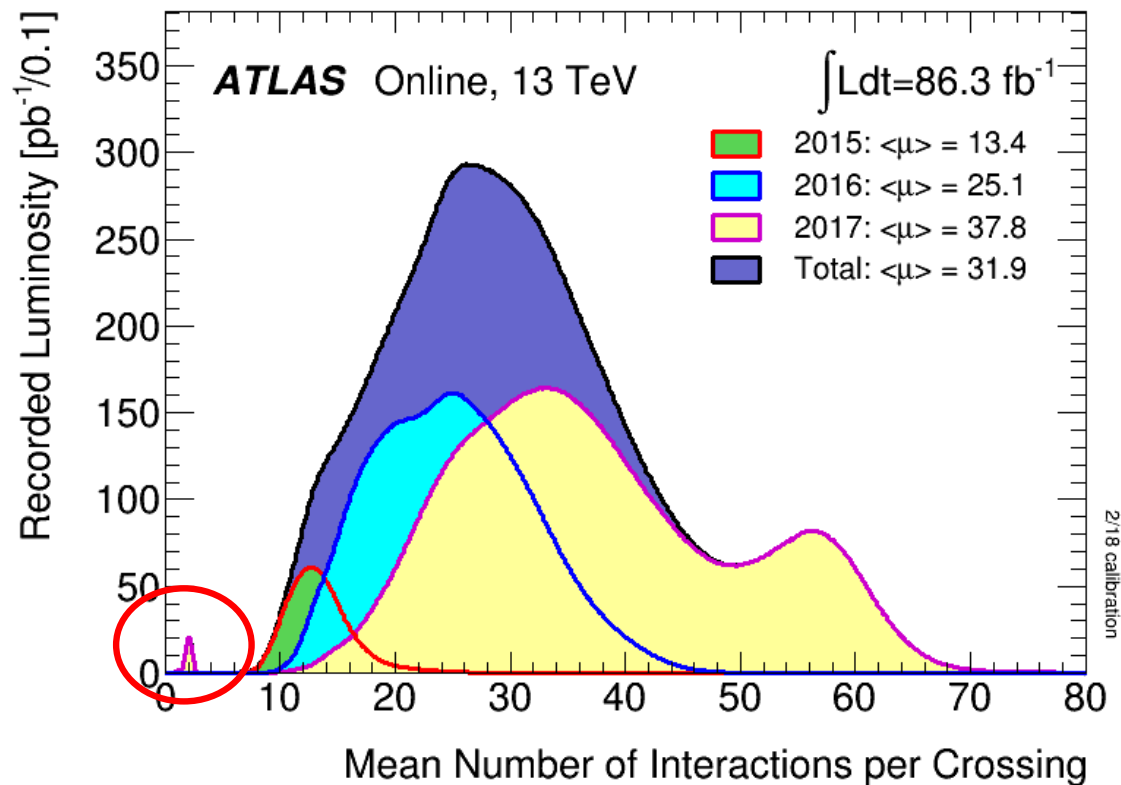
- $M_W = 80370 \pm 19 \text{ MeV}$.

- Consistent with LEP and Tevatron measurements.
- Compelling sensitivity.



W mass measurement in 2017 run

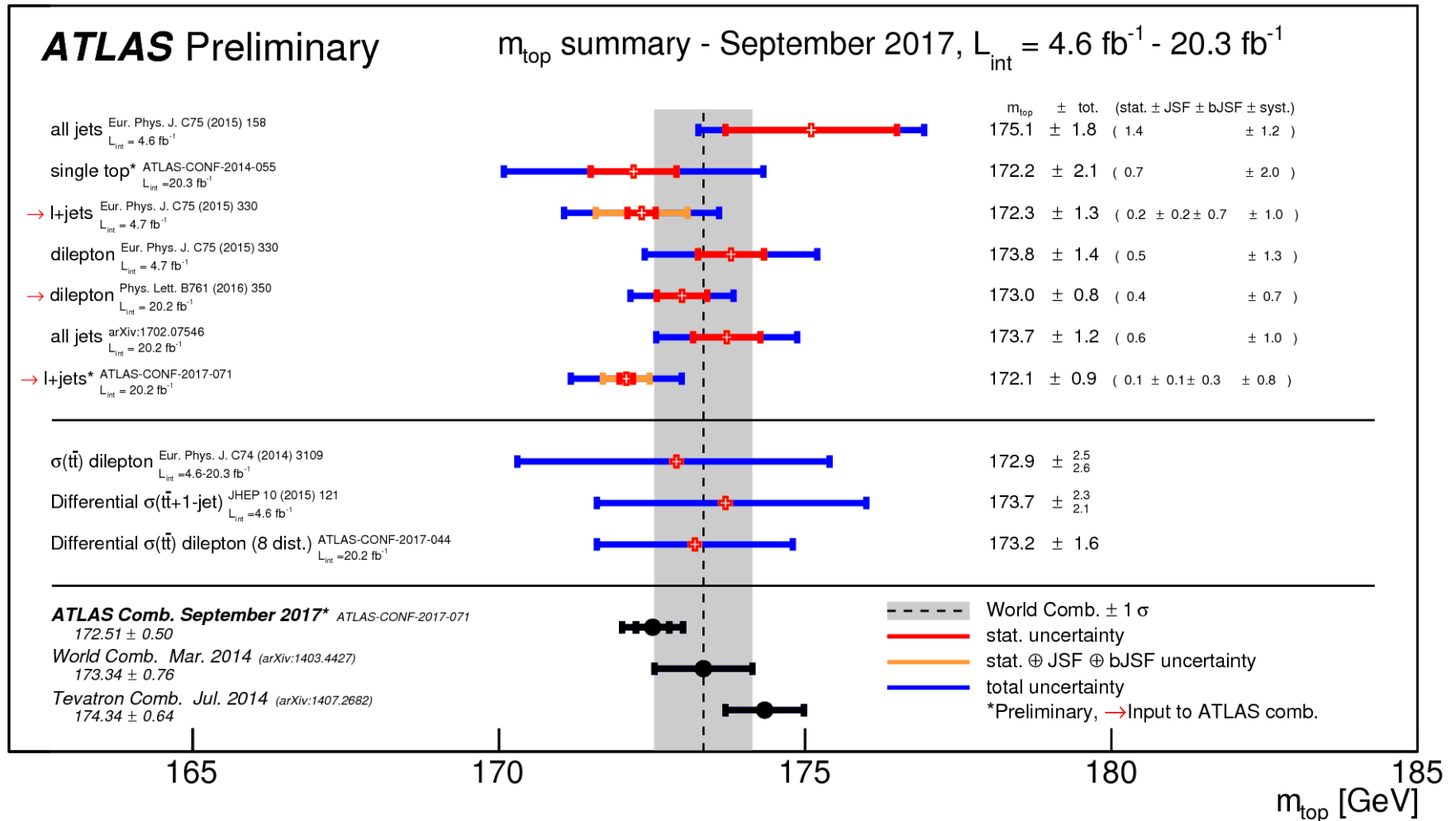
- First result used 31/pb at 7 TeV from 2010 runs.
- Recent low- μ runs taken by ATLAS
 - ~150 /pb at 13 TeV: 1.75M W, 220k Z
 - ~270 /pb at 5 TeV: 1.3M W, 150k



ATLAS direct top mass measurements

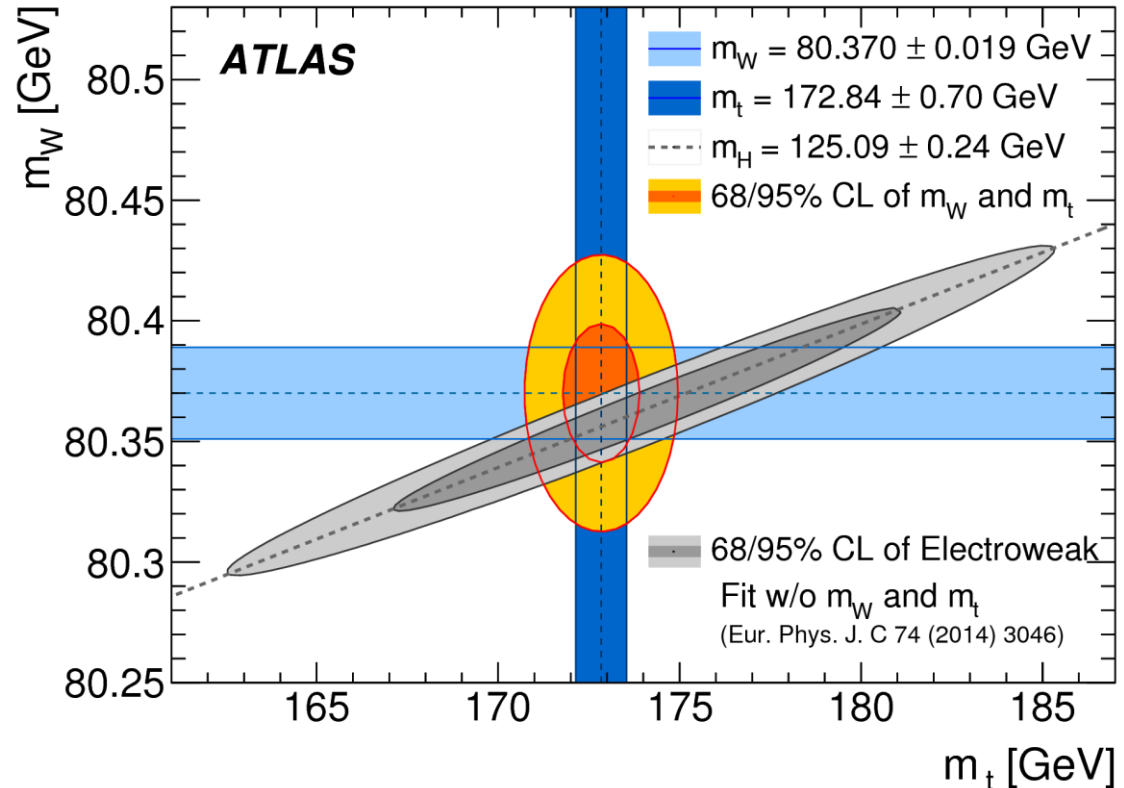
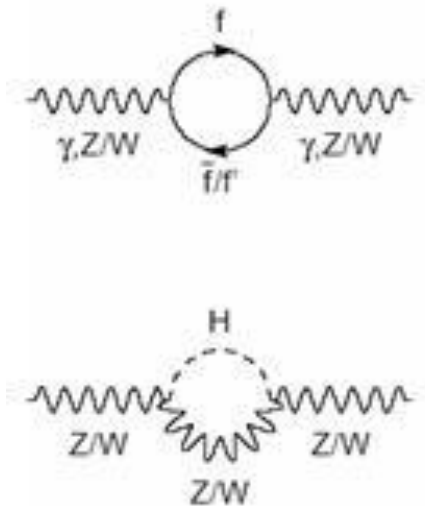
- New ATLAS combination:

$$m_{top} = 172.51 \pm 0.50 \text{ (GeV)}$$



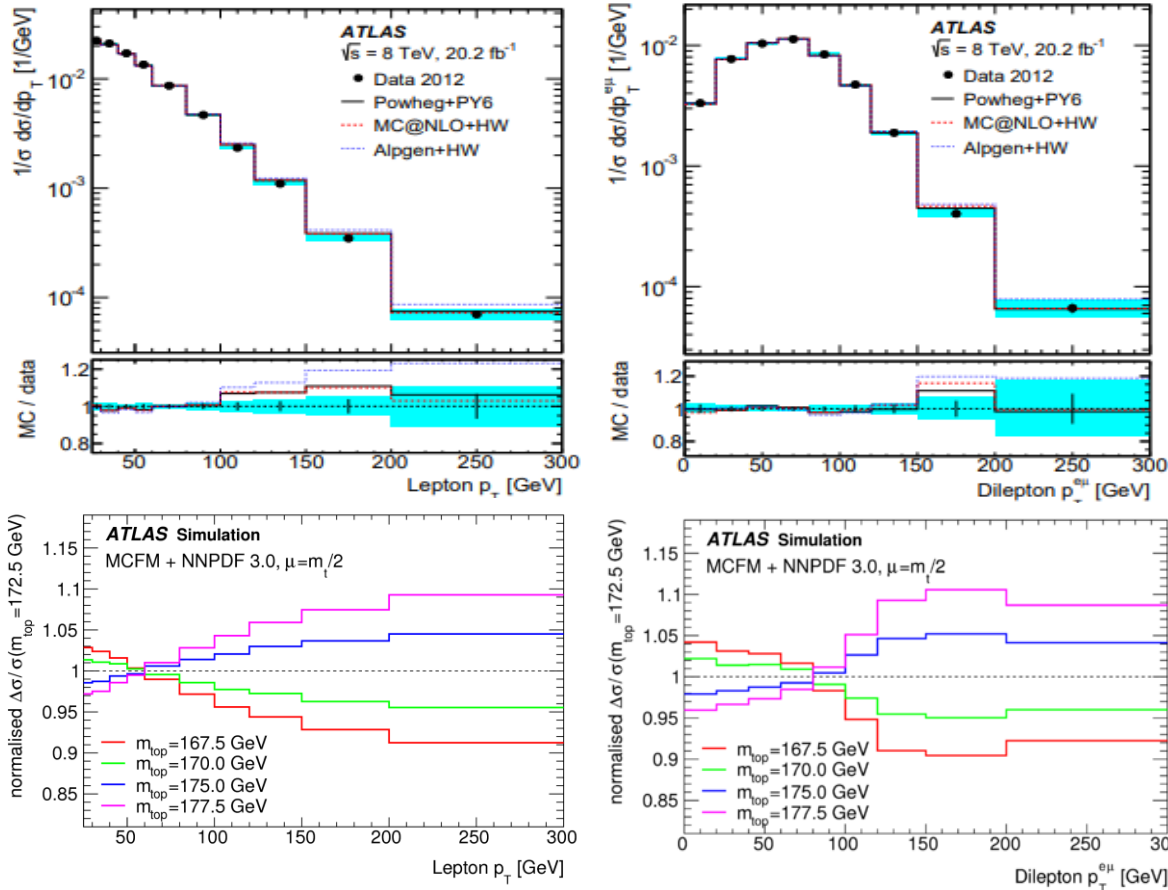
Radiative Correction

- Comparison of measured W, top and Higgs masses.

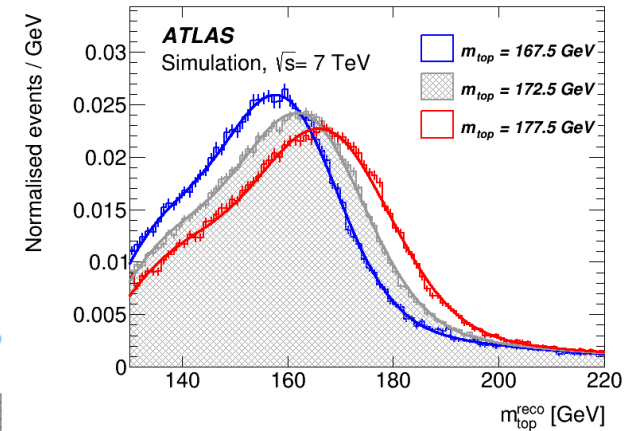


Top Pole Mass Measurement

- Difficult to relate the directly measured top mass to well defined theoretical parameter because of non-perturbative effects.
- Fit lepton kinematics in $t\bar{t}$ events.



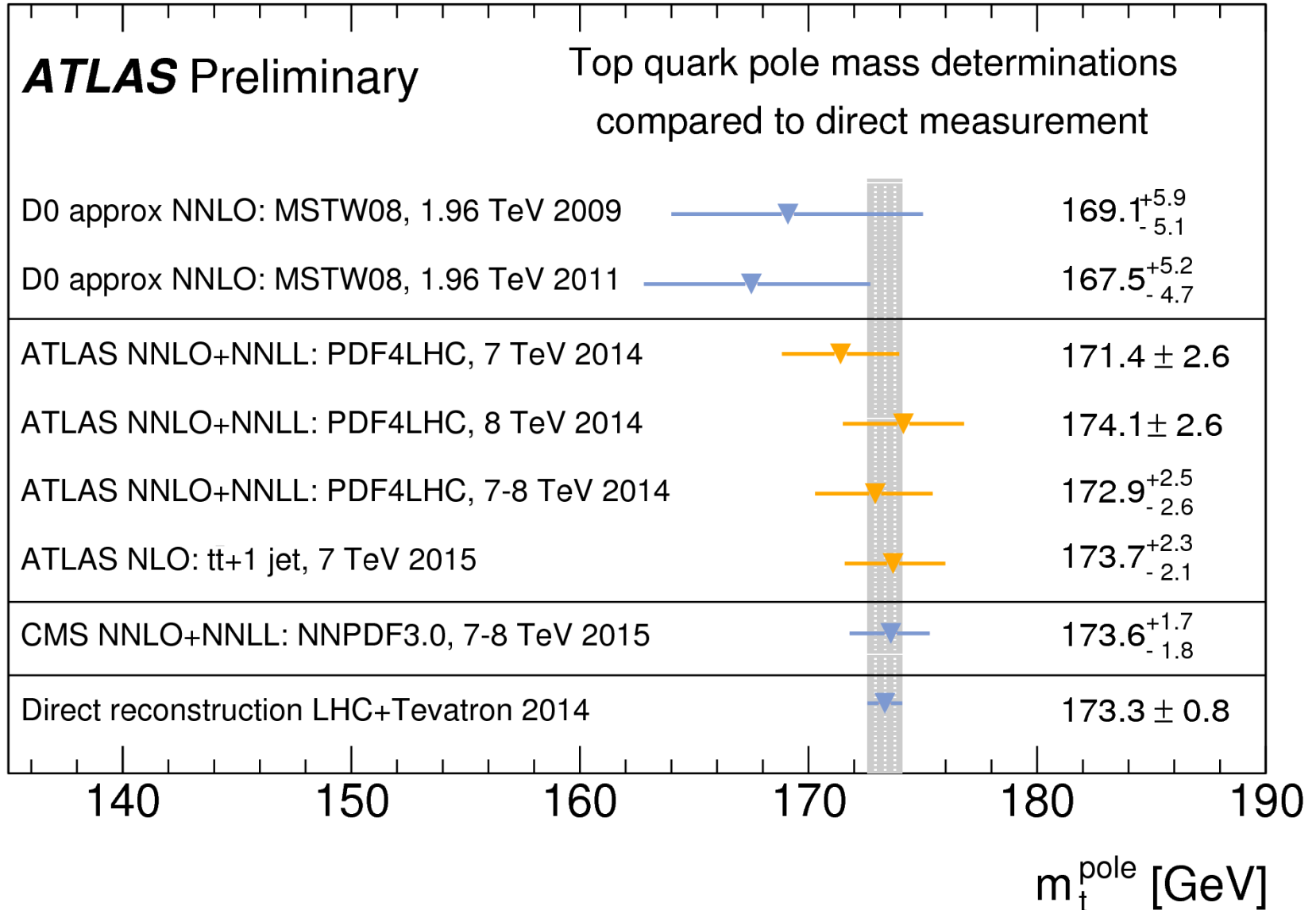
Reconstructed top mass
in 1+jets analysis



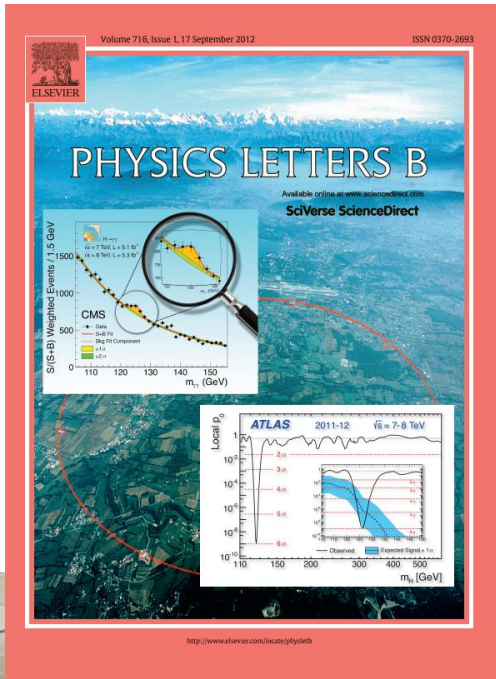
Eur. Phys. J. C75 (2015) 330

$$m_{\text{pole}}^{\text{top}} = 173.2 \pm 0.9(\text{stat}) \pm 0.8(\text{syst}) \pm 1.2(\text{theory}) \text{ GeV}$$

Top Pole Mass Measurements



Discovery of Higgs Boson



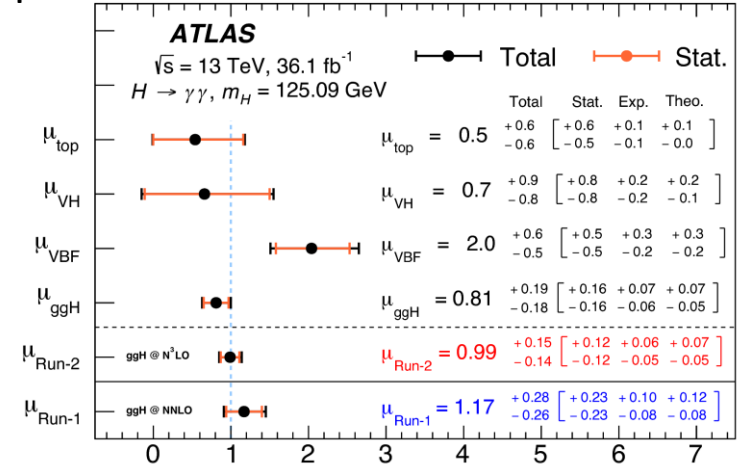
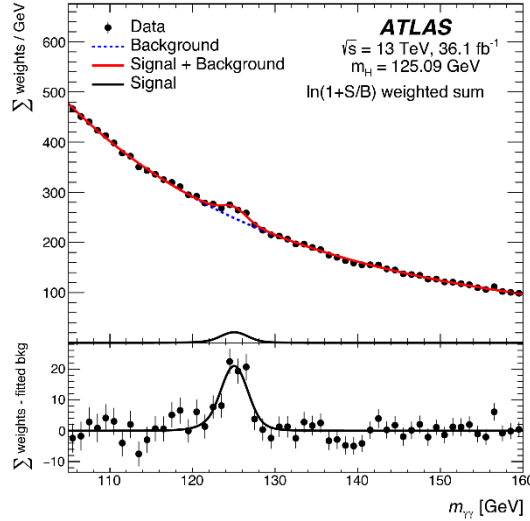
July 4, 2012 CERN seminar on
Higgs discovery by ATLAS/CMS

$$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

arXiv:1802.04146

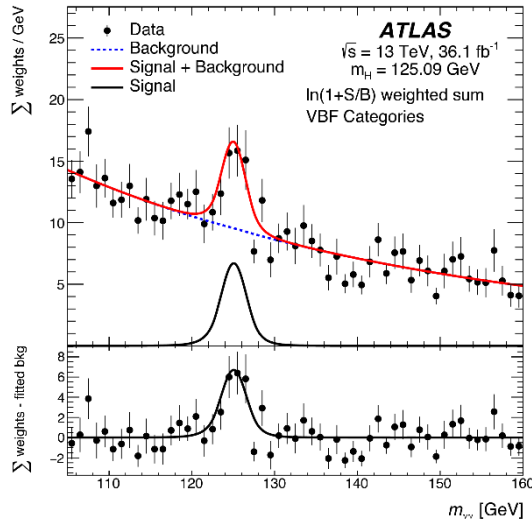
Subcategorizes the events into different regions \rightarrow sensitivity to separate production modes.

Cross section measurement by production modes

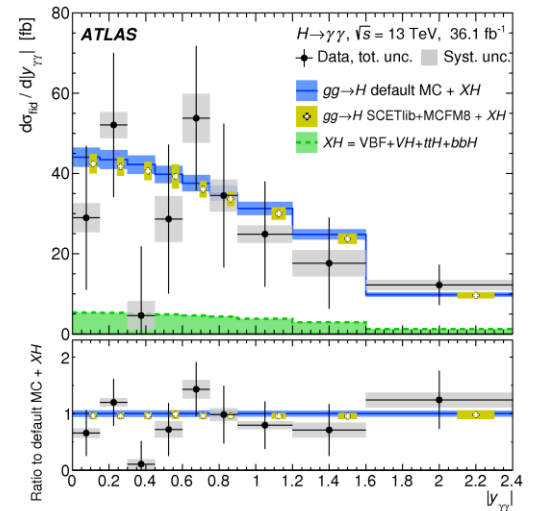
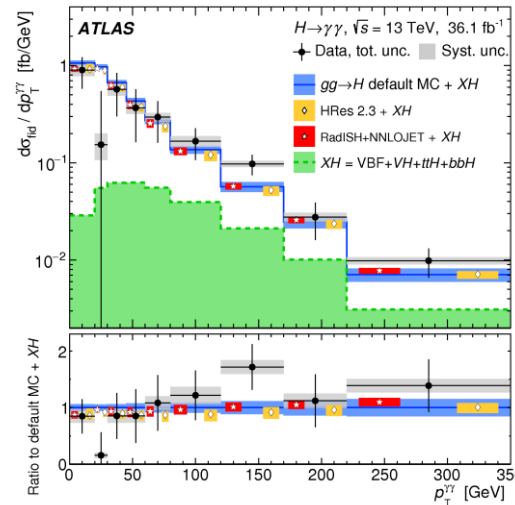


Signal strength

VBF Enriched region



Differential cross sections

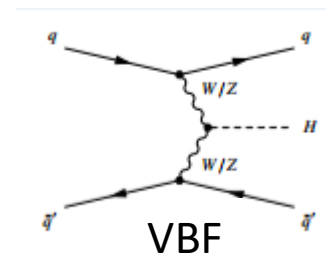
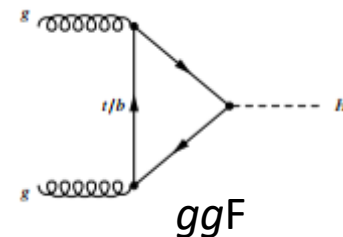
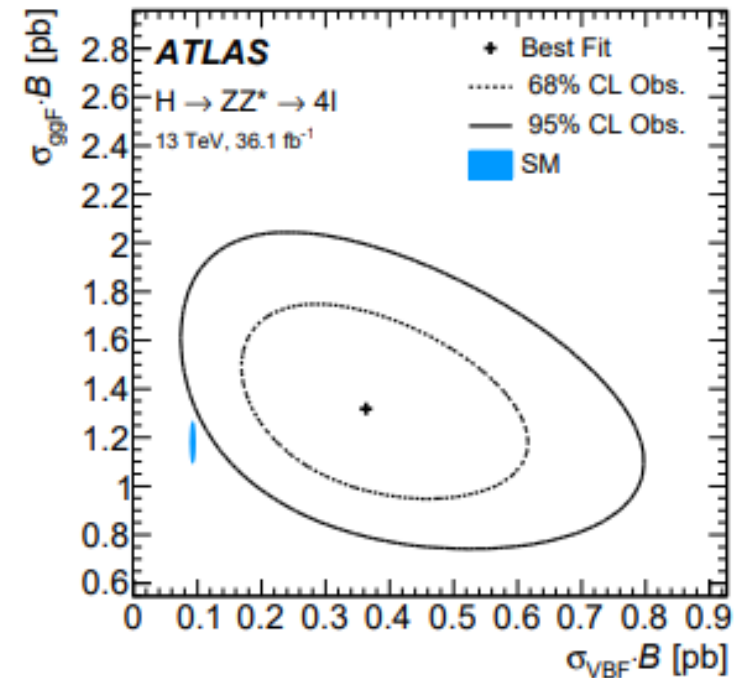
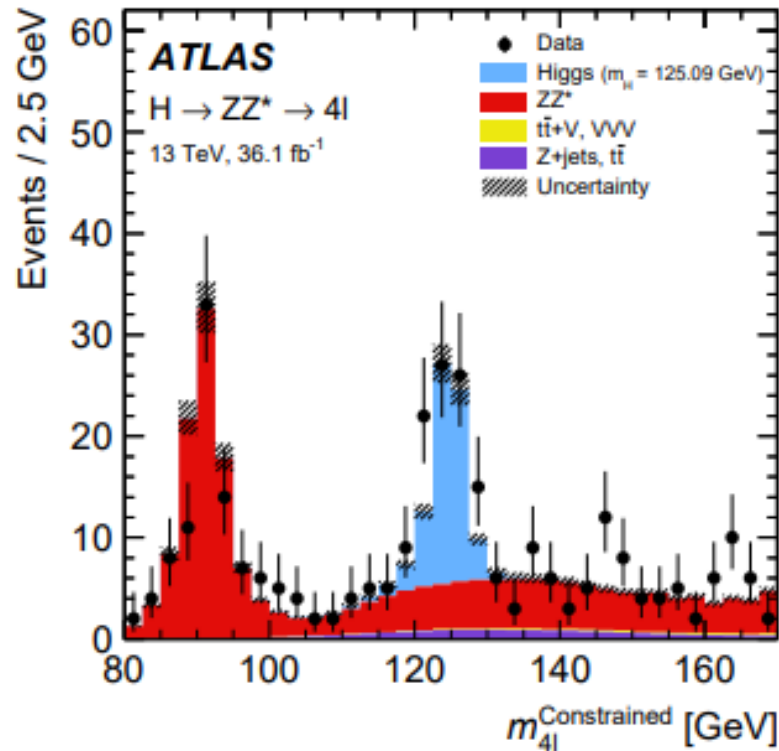


$$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$$

arXiv:1712.02304

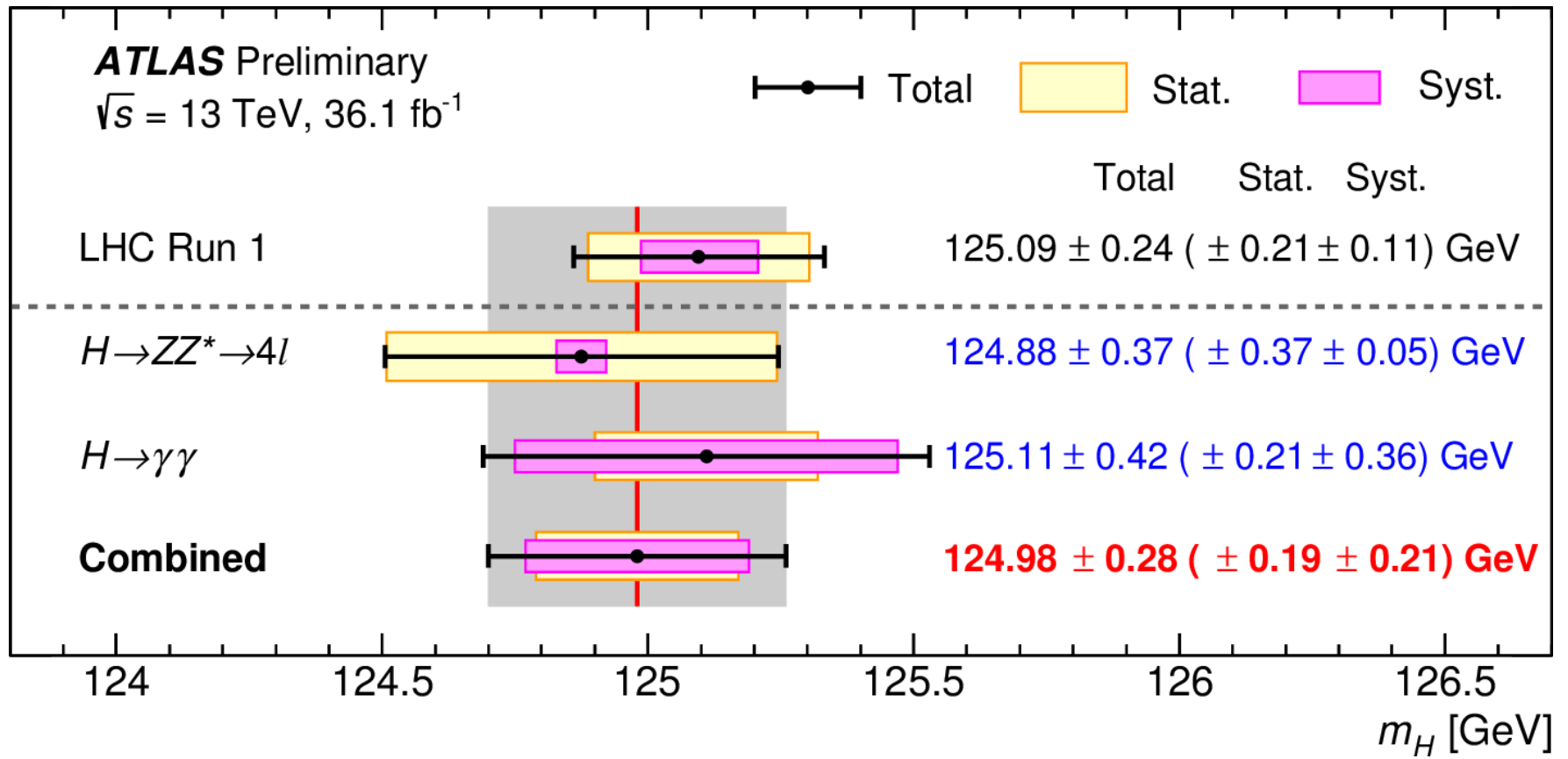
Subcategorizes the events into different regions, train → sensitivity to separate production modes.

Cross section measurement by production modes



Higgs Mass

ATLAS-CONF-2017-046



Signal Significance in Run 1 Analyses

ATLAS and CMS separately

Channel	References for individual publications		Signal strength [μ] from results in this paper (Section 5.2)		Signal significance [σ]	
	ATLAS	CMS	ATLAS	CMS	ATLAS	CMS
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	[92]	[93]	$1.14^{+0.27}_{-0.25}$ (+0.26) (-0.24)	$1.11^{+0.25}_{-0.23}$ (+0.23) (-0.21)	5.0 (4.6)	5.6 (5.1)
$H \rightarrow ZZ$	[94]	[95]	$1.52^{+0.40}_{-0.34}$ (+0.32) (-0.27)	$1.04^{+0.32}_{-0.26}$ (+0.30) (-0.25)	7.6 (5.6)	7.0 (6.8)
$H \rightarrow WW$	[96,97]	[98]	$1.22^{+0.23}_{-0.21}$ (+0.21) (-0.20)	$0.90^{+0.23}_{-0.21}$ (+0.23) (-0.20)	6.8 (5.8)	4.8 (5.6)
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	[99]	[100]	$1.41^{+0.40}_{-0.36}$ (+0.37) (-0.33)	$0.88^{+0.30}_{-0.28}$ (+0.31) (-0.29)	4.4 (3.3)	3.4 (3.7)
$H \rightarrow bb$	[101]	[102]	$0.62^{+0.37}_{-0.37}$ (+0.39) (-0.37)	$0.81^{+0.45}_{-0.43}$ (+0.45) (-0.43)	1.7 (2.7)	2.0 (2.5)
$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$	[103]	[104]	$-0.6^{+3.6}_{-3.6}$ (+3.6) (-3.6)	$0.9^{+3.6}_{-3.5}$ (+3.3) (-3.2)		
ttH production	[78, 105, 106]	[108]	$1.9^{+0.8}_{-0.7}$ (+0.7) (-0.7)	$2.9^{+1.0}_{-0.9}$ (+0.9) (-0.8)	2.7 (1.6)	3.6 (1.3)

3σ : “Evidence”

5σ : “Discovery”

- Some production and decay processes have been discovered in Run 1.
- ttH and $H \rightarrow bb$ will be searched for in Run 2.
- Precision of Higgs property measurements to be improved in Run 2, putting SM to stringent test.

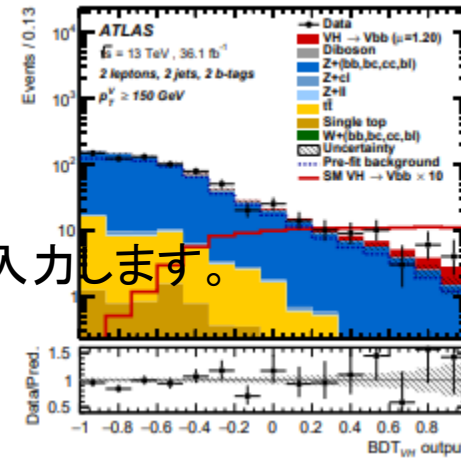
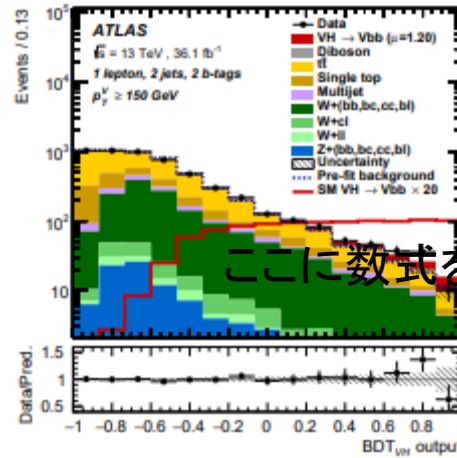
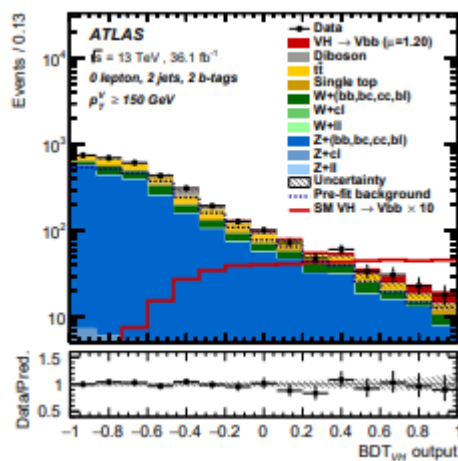
ATLAS+CMS

arXiv:1606.02266

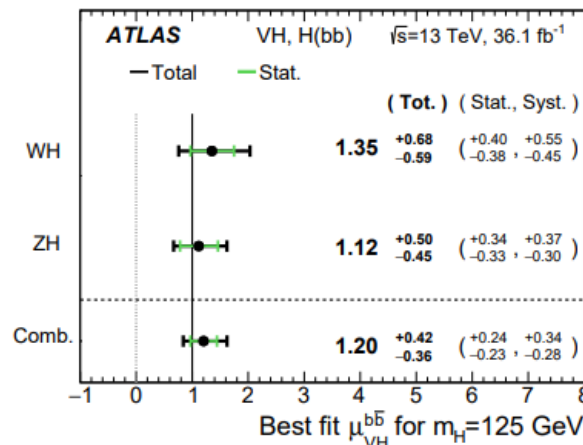
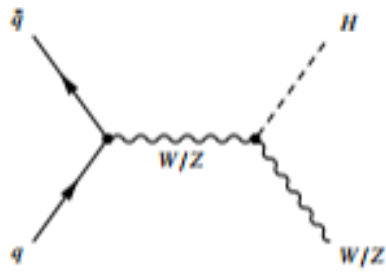
Production process	Measured significance (σ)	Expected significance (σ)
VBF	5.4	4.6
WH	2.4	2.7
ZH	2.3	2.9
VH	3.5	4.2
ttH	4.4	2.0
Decay channel		
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$	5.5	5.0
$H \rightarrow bb$	2.6	3.7

$H \rightarrow bb$

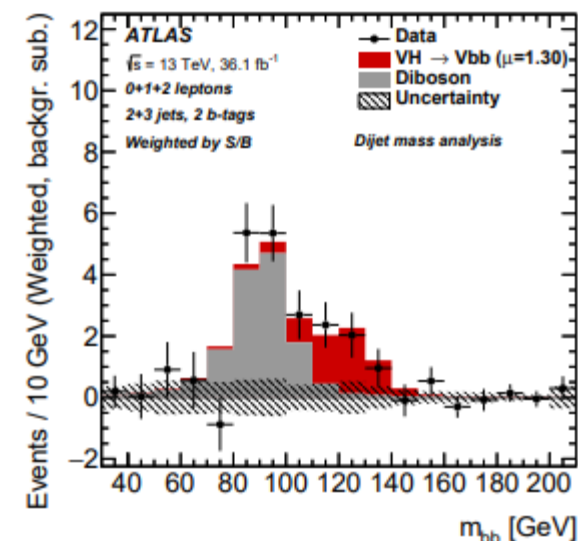
- Search for WH, ZH production, with $W \rightarrow \ell\nu, Z \rightarrow \ell\ell/\nu\nu$
- Train BDTs in 0, 1 and 2 lepton categories.



ここに数式を入力します。

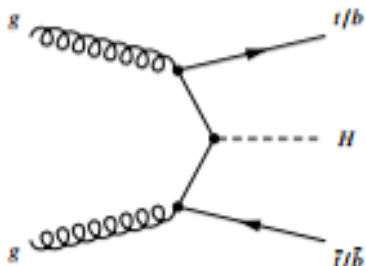
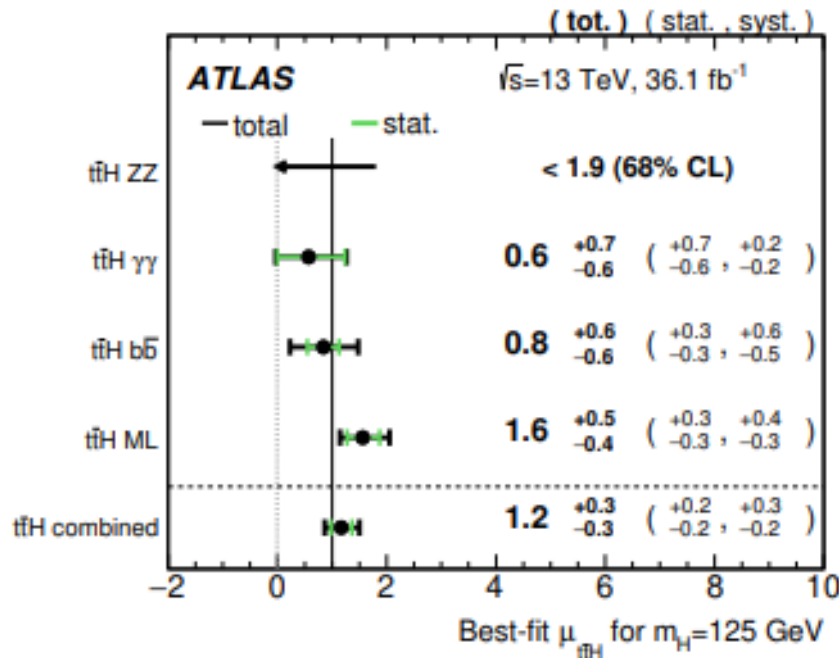


Significance: 3.5σ (exp: 3.0σ)



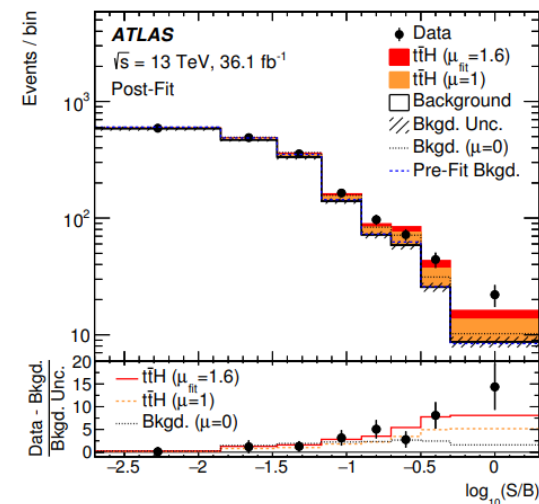
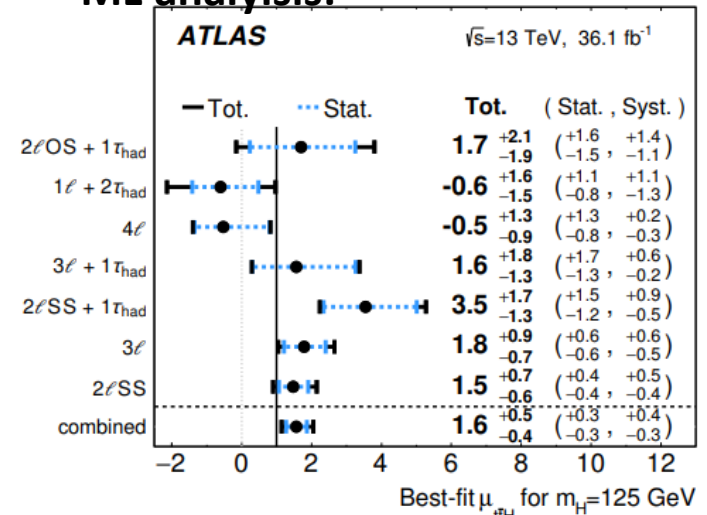
$t\bar{t}H$ production

- Combination of analyses on $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, bb, ML(\tau\tau, WW, ZZ)$.
- BDT as S/B separator in most subchannels.



Significance: 4.1σ (exp: 2.8σ)

ML analysis:

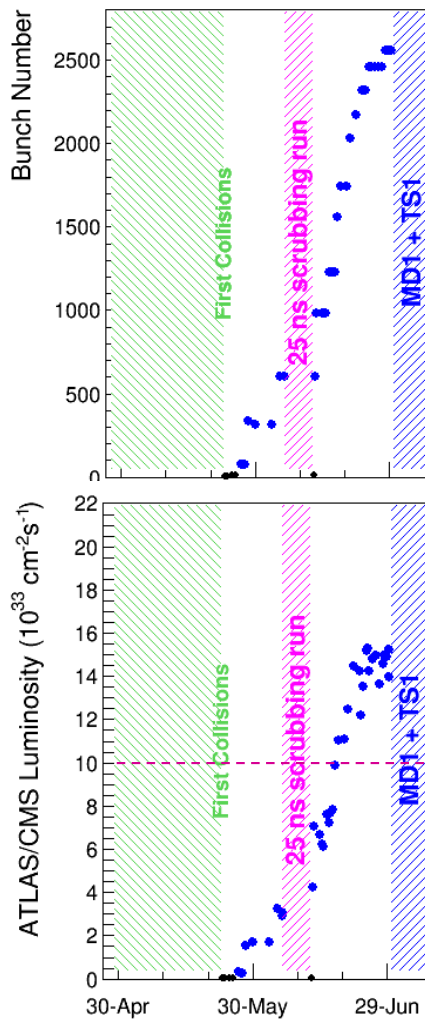


Summary

- LHC and ATLAS continues successful operation.
- Wide variety of measurements at ATLAS put SM to stringent test.
 - Cross sections of many different physics processes are measured to be consistent with SM.
 - W , top and Higgs masses are measured at high precision.
 - Higgs production and decay rates are extensively studied.
 - Evidence of $H \rightarrow bb$ decay and ttH production

BACKUP

LHC Physics Run 2017: Ups and Downs



- Very fast and efficient start-up of the LHC, quickly reaching 2556 bunches at 6.5 TeV
- Loss burst appeared however in one cell '**16L2**' on both beams, operation continuously interrupted by beam dumps.
- Fortunately stable operation could be resumed with the **8b4e** low electron cloud beam

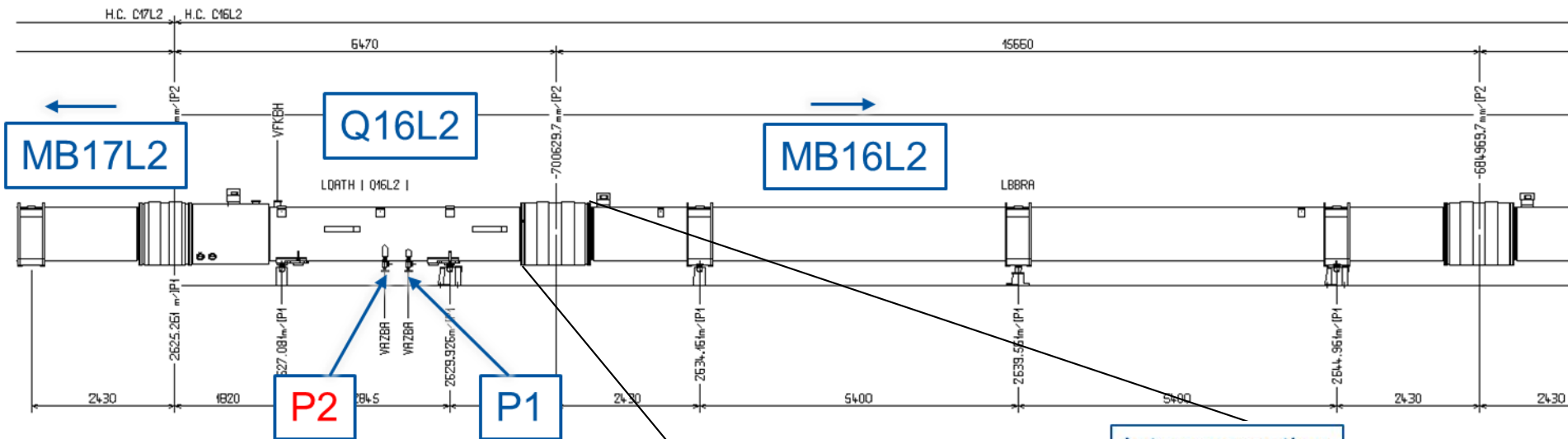
Smooth operation with high availability
Only a few dumps from 16L2

Luminosity pushed in ATLAS/CMS

- Smaller β^*
- Crossing angle reduction during a fill
- Larger bunch intensity

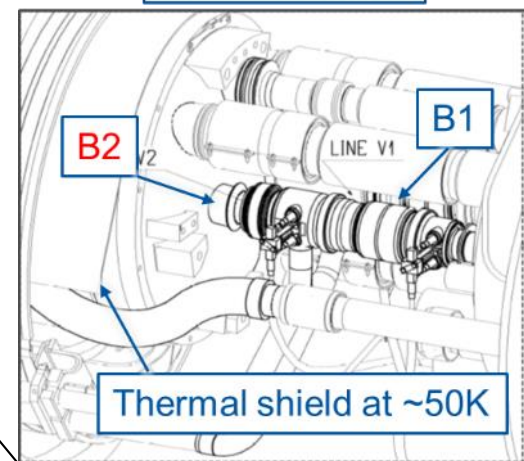
And luminosity levelling !

LHC “16L2”: Air inlet as “most probable” cause



Air inlet through **both** pumping ports while magnet cold masses, beam screens and thermal shields already at operating cryogenic temperature.

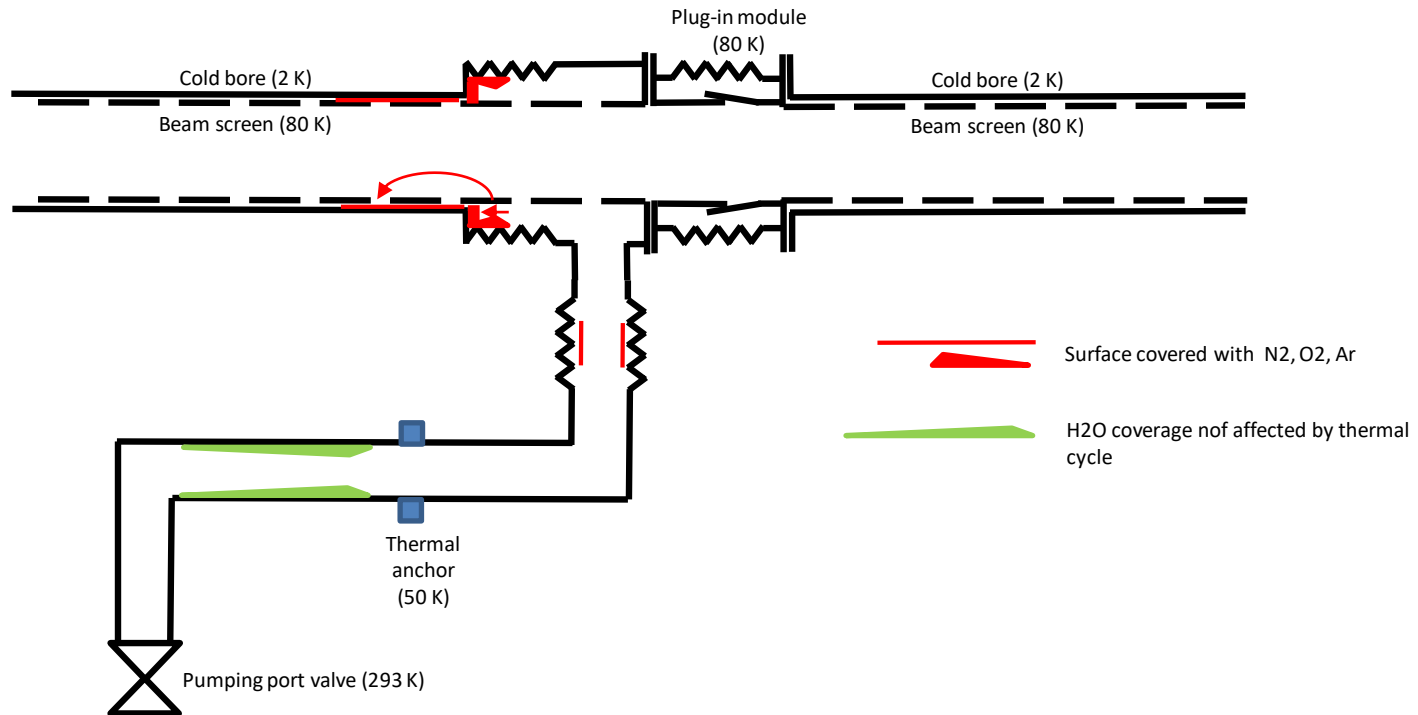
To be noted that gasses have a reduced mobility at those temperatures, explain why was not immediately identified.



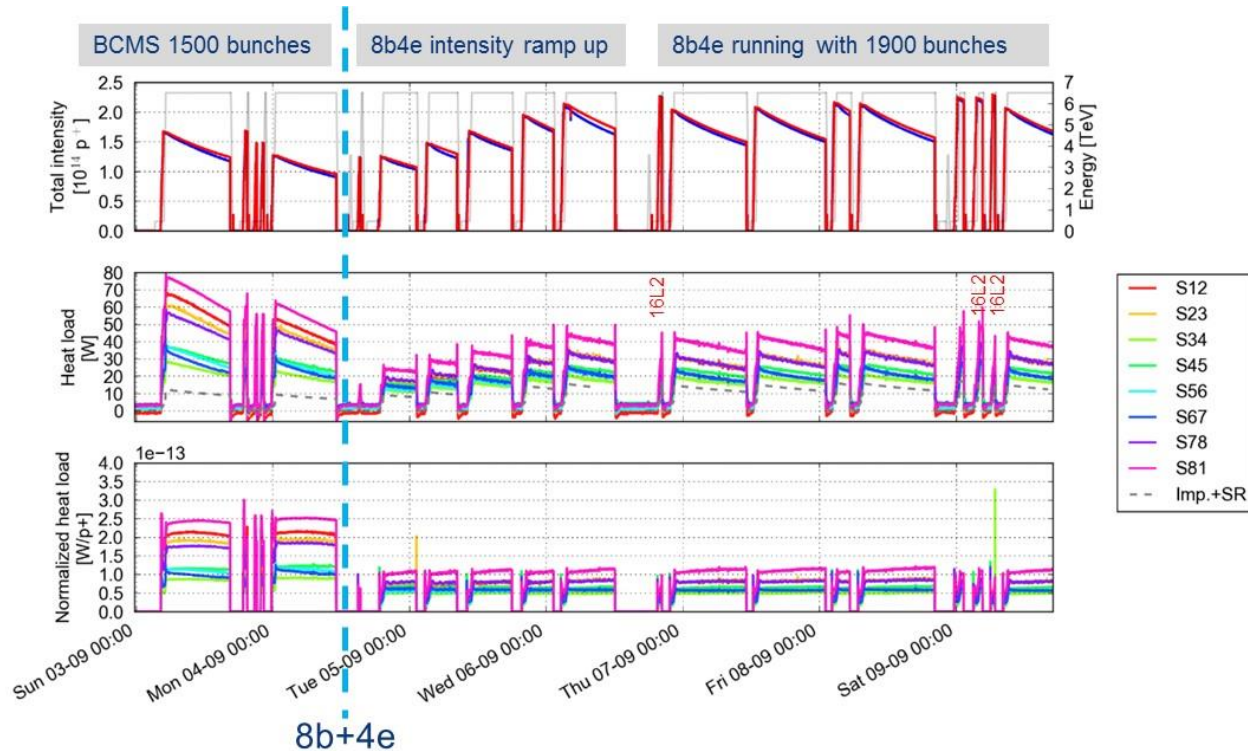
LHC “16L2”: Air inlet as “most probable” cause

Situation at the end of first BS thermal cycle to 80 K

(No pumping though pumping port)

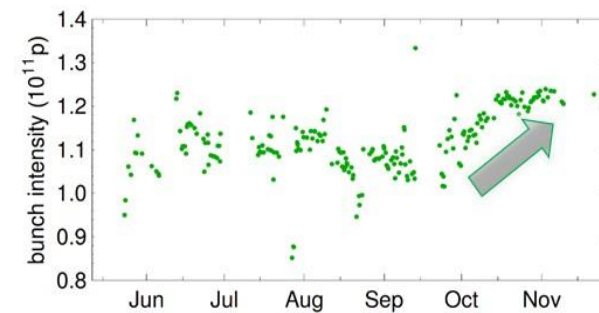
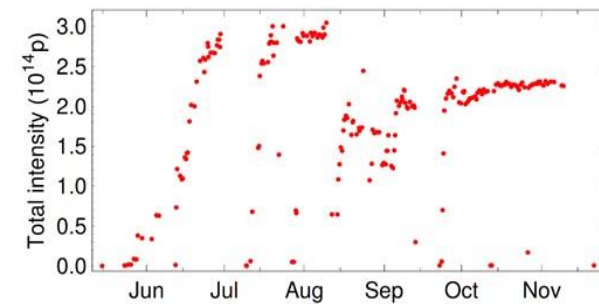
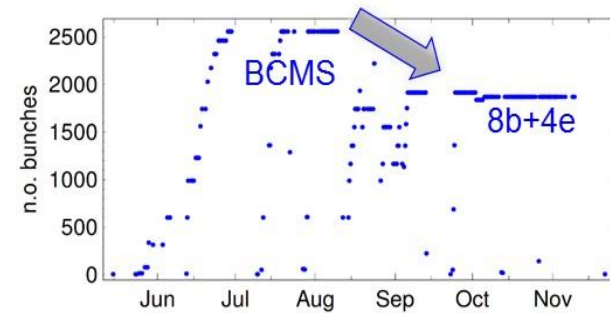


LHC: Cryogenics Heat Load BCMS versus 8b4e



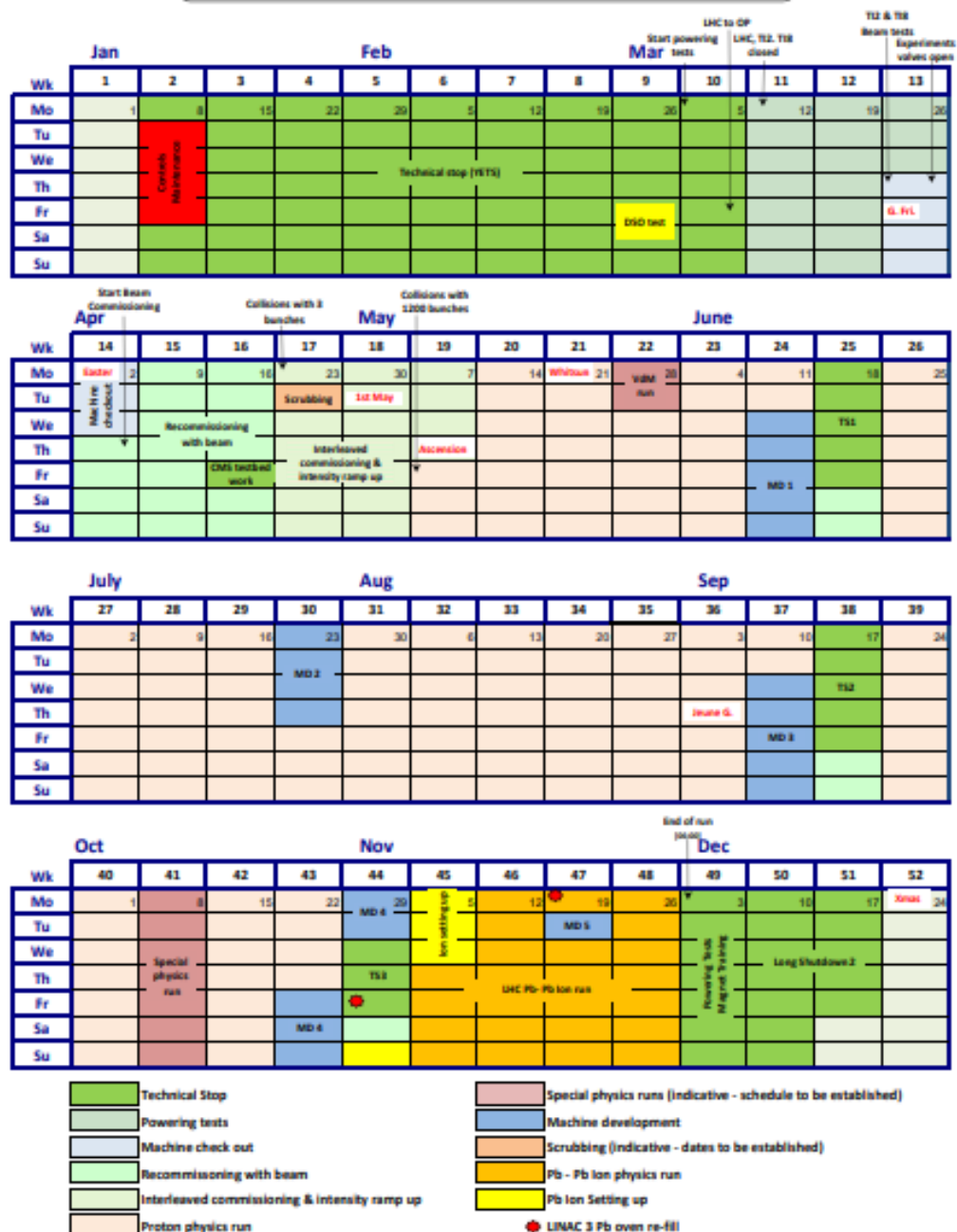
8b4e = 8 bunches + 4 empty buckets

For same LHC bunch intensity PSB bunch intensity and transverse emittance is ~50% of standard scheme but limitation on the bunch numbers and pile-up



LHC Schedule 2018

Approved by Research board on 06.12.2017

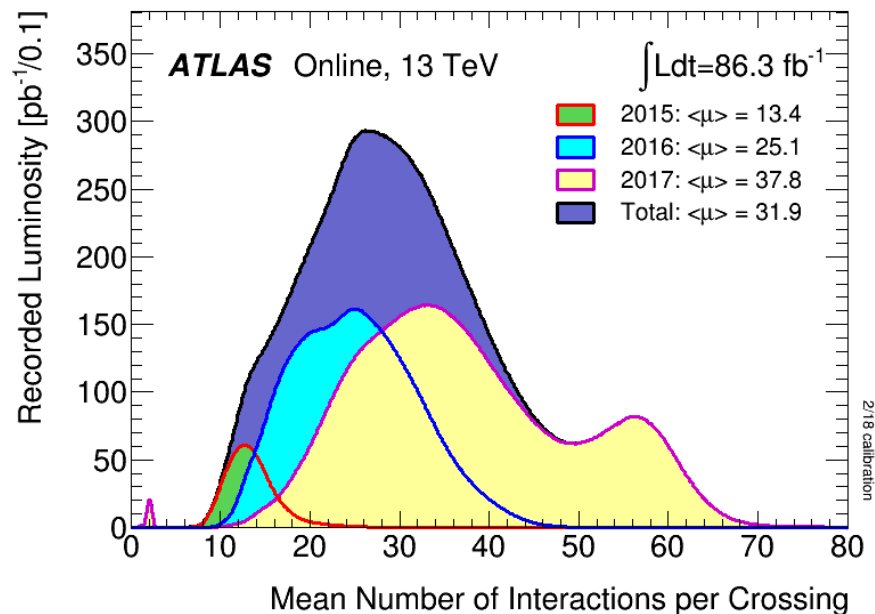


ATLAS Run-2 Detector Status (from July 2017)

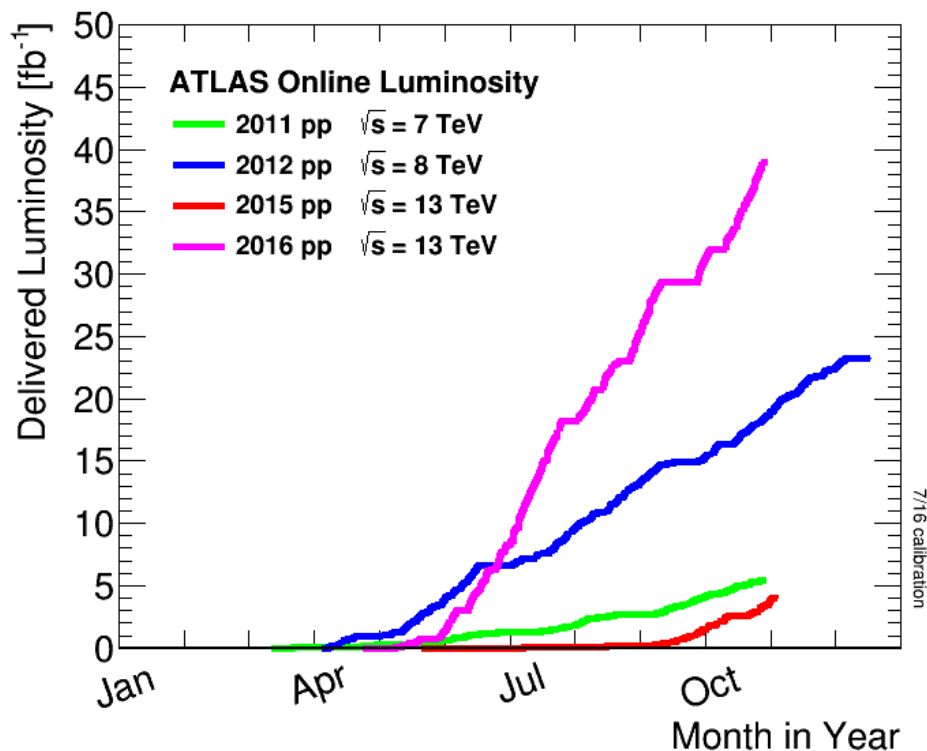
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LVL1 Muon TGC Trigger	320 k	99.9%
MDT Muon Drift Tubes	357 k	99.7%
CSC Cathode Strip Chambers	31 k	95.3%
RPC Barrel Muon Chambers	383 k	94.4%
TGC End-Cap Muon Chambers	320 k	99.5%
ALFA	10 k	99.9%
AFP	430 k	93.8%

Notes:

- For the Pixel status: 3-Layers Pixel (80 M channels) - 97.5%; IBL (12 M channels) - 99.3%
- For Tilecal the number of cells (including gap and crack counters) are included
- For CSC, the number of alive channel is lower than before due to the failure of the cooling of one chamber that cannot be operated and the presence of one layer with a broken wire in another chamber
- For RPC, most inactive channels are due to HV channels that cannot be turned on because one (of several) gas gaps connected to that channel cannot be operated. Some of the disconnected channels are actually operable and can be made to work by an intervention in the cavern during TS1.
- The number of channels for AFP has doubled since last year after the installation of the second arm
- Detectors with fewer than 100 channels are not reported



Luminosities in Run 2



$E_{CM} = 13$ (TeV)

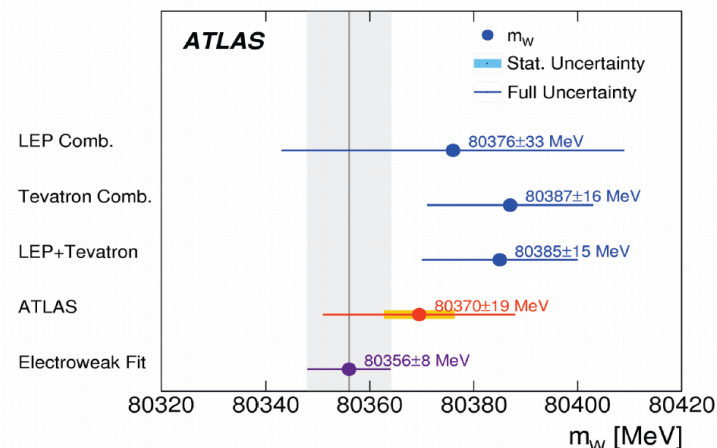
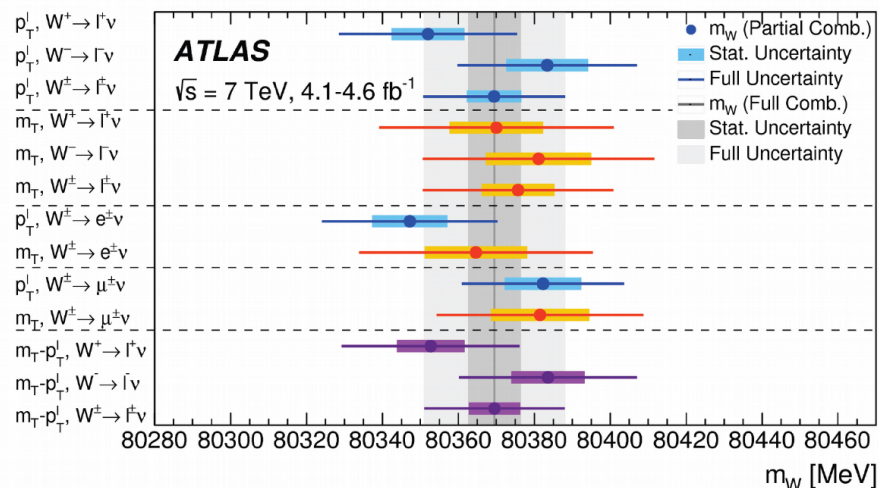
Run 1	E_{CM} (TeV)	integ lumi [fb^{-1}]
2011	7	~ 5
2012	8	~ 21

いまのところ、2016年夏に $\sim 13 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ を使ったRun 2データの物理結果が発表されている

Run 2	Peak lumi $\text{E34 cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$	Days pp physics	Recorded integ lumi [fb^{-1}]
2015	0.5	56	3.9
2016	1.4	122	36.0
2017	$>\sim 1.7$	150	40-60
2018	Similar to 2017	152	Similar to 2017

Measurement

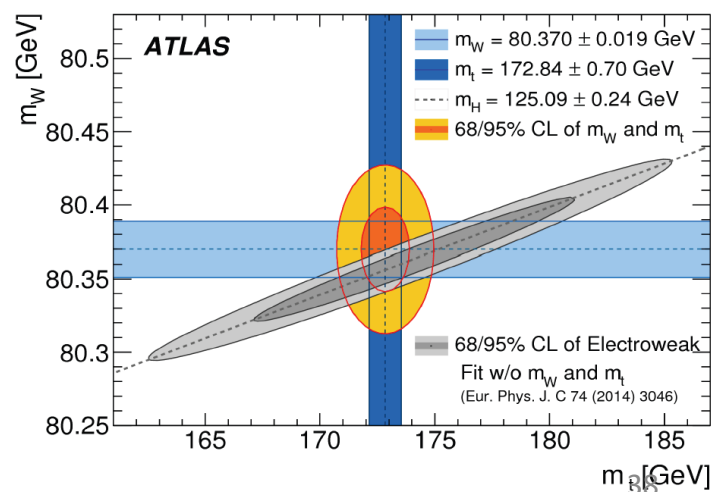
Moriond QCD Jung's slide



$$M_W = 80370 \pm 7 \text{ (stat)} \pm 11 \text{ (exp. syst.)} \pm 14 \text{ (model. syst.) MeV} = 80370 \pm 18.5 \text{ MeV}$$

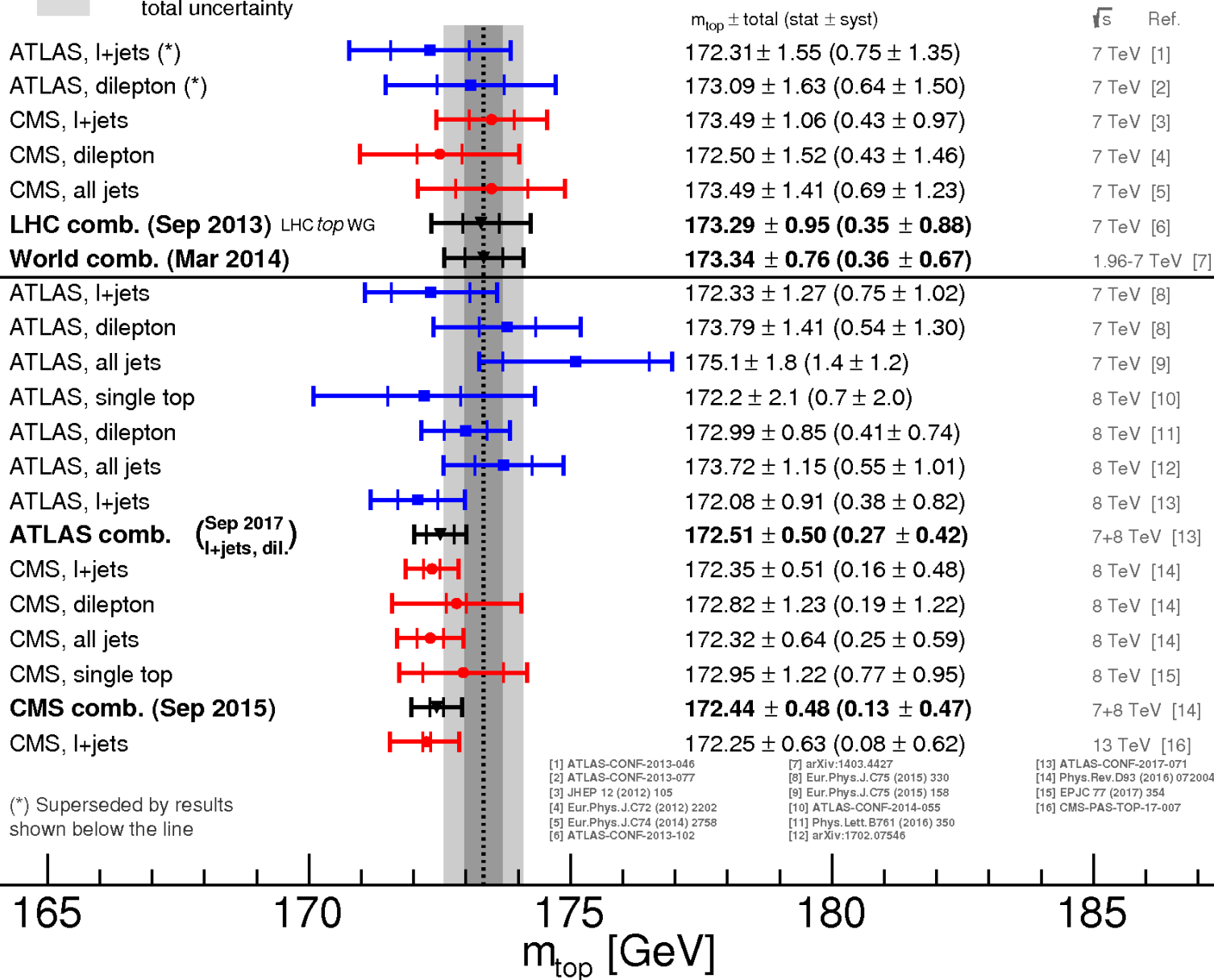
Combined categories	Value [MeV]	Stat. Unc.	Muon Unc.	Elec. Unc.	Recoil Unc.	Bckg. Unc.	QCD Unc.	EW Unc.	PDF Unc.	Total Unc.	χ^2/dof of Comb.
$m_T, p_T^\ell, W^\pm, e-\mu$	80369.5	6.8	6.6	6.4	2.9	4.5	8.3	5.5	9.2	18.5	29/27

- Measurement consistent:
 - Between the different categories!
 - With previous LEP+Tevatron measurement!
 - Similar sensitivity as Tevatron!
- Measurement sys. dominated, with large uncertainty on the model (PDF & p_{TW}).



..... World Comb. Mar 2014, [7]
 ■ stat
 ■ total uncertainty

total stat



Indirect mass measurements ► $t\bar{t} + 1\text{jet}$

► $m_{\text{top}}^{\text{pole}}$ from differential cross section observable in $t\bar{t} + 1\text{jet}$:

- Di-Lepton channel for CMS@8 TeV
- Lepton+Jets channel for ATLAS@7 TeV

► Event selection

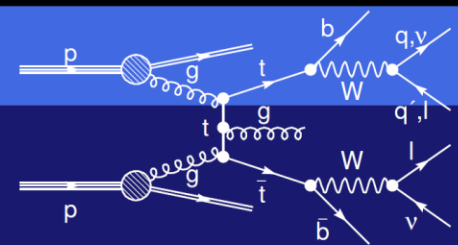
- First select $t\bar{t}$ candidates like in the lepton+jets (ATLAS) or di-lepton (CMS) channel
- Leading unused jet combined with $t\bar{t}$ to reconstruct ρ_S

► Unfolding of distribution in ρ_S

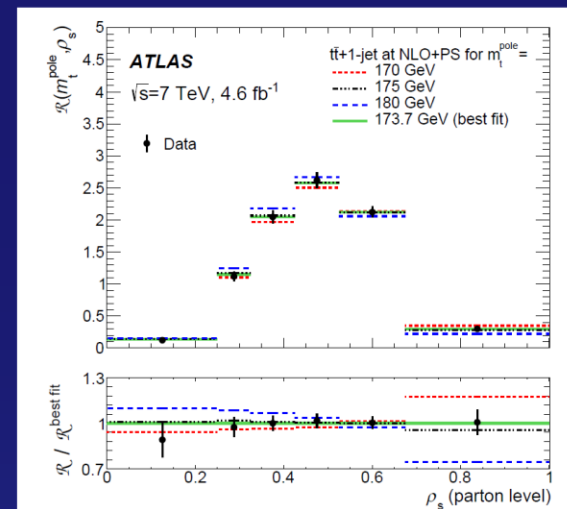
- Compare to calculations in NLO with parton showering
- $m_{\text{top}}^{\text{pole}}$ extracted from χ^2 -fit to theory with regularized covariance matrix in unfolded $\rho_S \in [0.25, 1]$ (ATLAS) and $\rho_S \in [0.2, 1]$ (CMS)
- Most sensitive regions are the low and high ρ_S -bins
- Validation with MC samples with different top-quark masses

$$m_{\text{top}}^{\text{pole, ATLAS}} = 173.7 \pm 1.5_{\text{stat}} \begin{matrix} +1.0 \\ -0.5_{\text{theo}} \end{matrix} \pm 1.4_{\text{sys}} \\ (0.9_{\text{JES+bJES}} \oplus 0.7_{\text{ISR/FSR}} \oplus 0.5_{\text{PDF}} \oplus \dots) \text{ GeV}$$

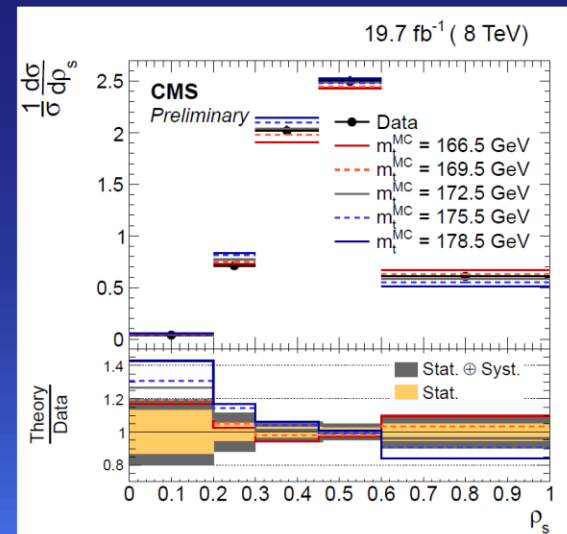
$$m_{\text{top}}^{\text{pole, CMS}} = 169.9 \pm 1.1_{\text{stat}} \begin{matrix} +3.6 \\ -1.6_{\text{theo}} \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} +2.5 \\ -3.1_{\text{sys}} \end{matrix} \\ \begin{pmatrix} +1.0 & -0.1 \\ -2.8_{\text{Scale}} & +1.6_{\text{Jet-Parton Match}} \end{pmatrix} \oplus 1.0_{\text{Bkgd}} \oplus \dots \text{ GeV}$$



JHEP 10(2015)121

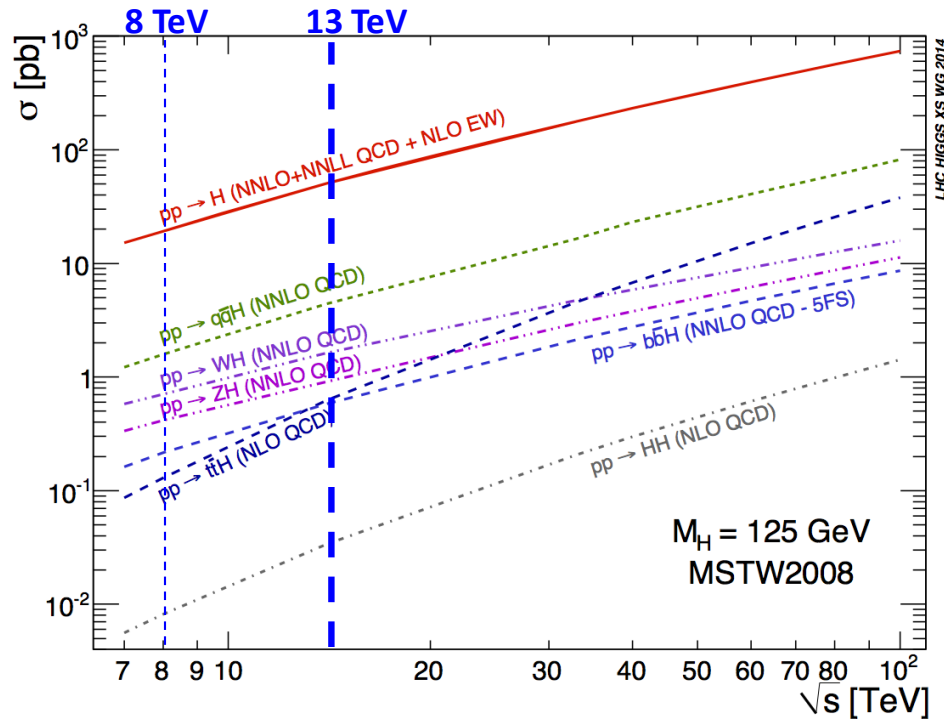


CMS-PAS-TOP-13-006



ヒッグス粒子の性質(標準理論の計算)

- 生成断面積



	$\sigma(14\text{TeV})/\sigma(8\text{TeV})$
$gg \rightarrow H$	2.6 ($M_X = M_H$)
$qq \rightarrow qqH$	2.6 (probes high M_X)
$qq \rightarrow VH$	2.1 ($M_X = M_V + M_H$)
$gg \rightarrow ttH$	4.7 (phase space + M_X)

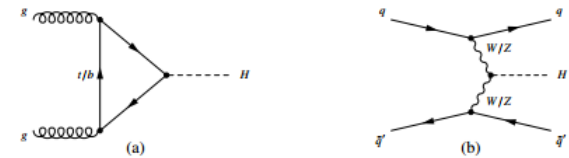


Figure 1: Leading-order Feynman diagrams for Higgs boson production via the (a) ggF and (b) VBF production processes.

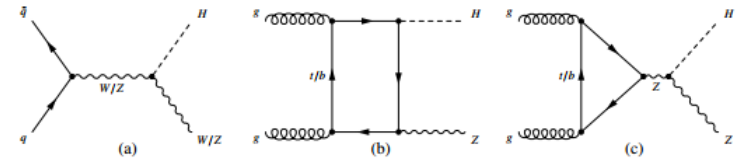


Figure 2: Leading-order Feynman diagrams of Higgs boson production via the (a) $q\bar{q} \rightarrow VH$ and (b,c) $gg \rightarrow ZH$ production processes.

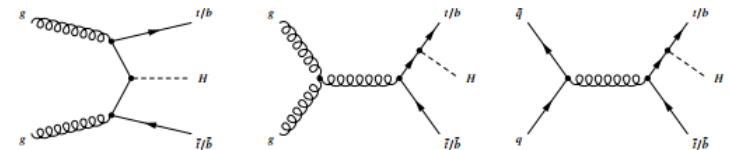


Figure 3: Leading-order Feynman diagrams of Higgs boson production via the $q\bar{q}/gg \rightarrow t\bar{t}H$ and $q\bar{q}/gg \rightarrow b\bar{b}H$ processes.

ヒッグス粒子の性質(標準理論の計算)

さまざまな生成・崩壊モード

- さまざまな測定を行い、標準理論を検証できる。
- 標準理論からのずれをさがす。ずれがあれば、そこに新物理があるはず。

重心エネルギー—8 TeV⇒13 TeV

生成断面積は、2-5倍。

- Run2では、たくさん作ってじっくり研究する。

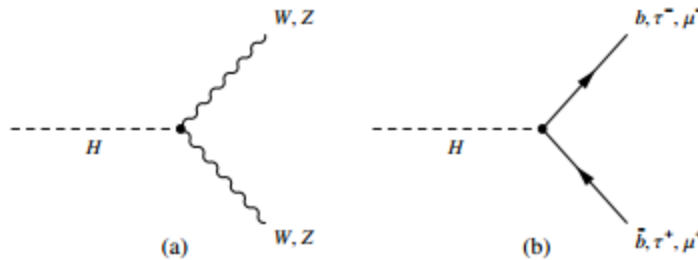


Figure 5: Leading-order Feynman diagrams of Higgs boson decays (a) to W and Z bosons and (b) to fermions.

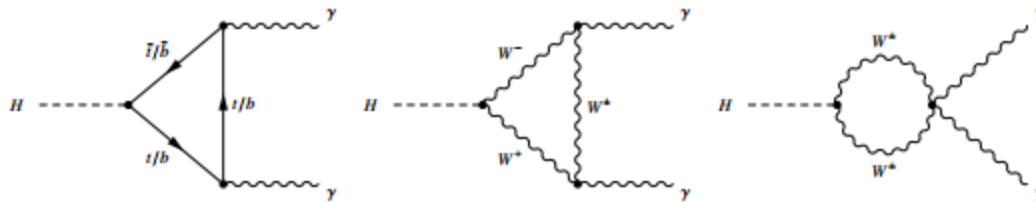


Figure 6: Leading-order Feynman diagrams of Higgs boson decays to a pair of photons.

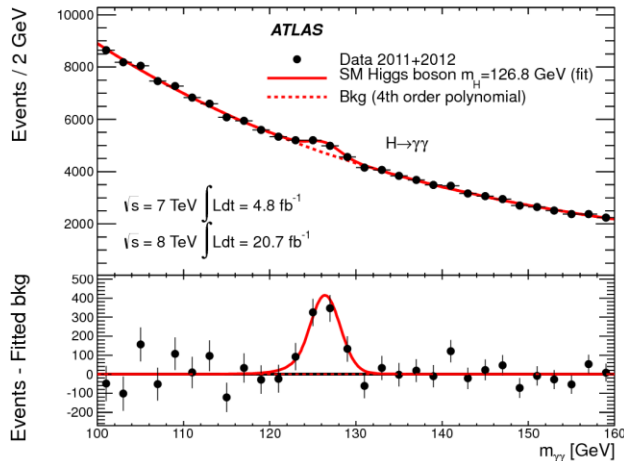
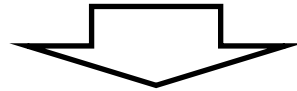
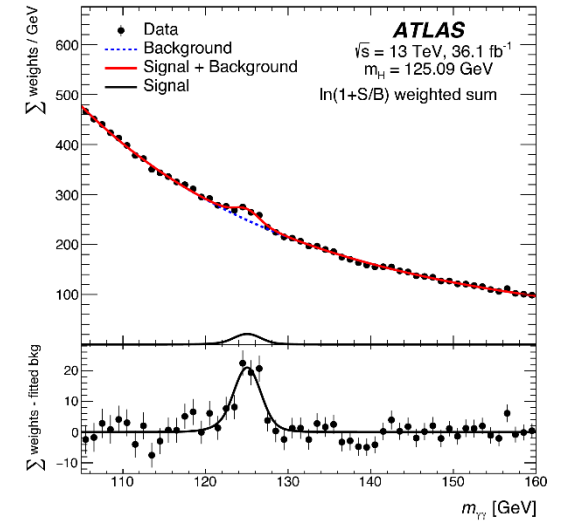
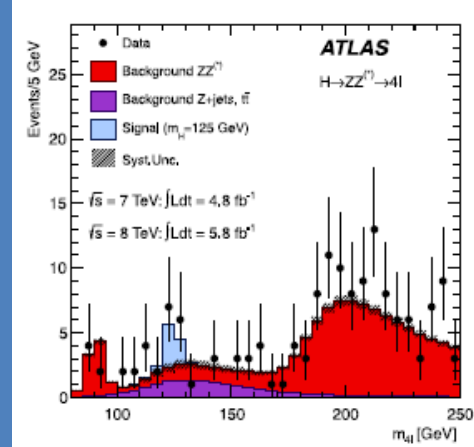
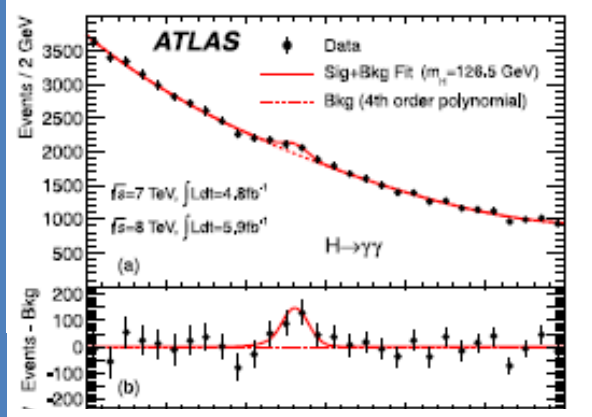
- 崩壊分岐比 ($m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$)

$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	$H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	$H \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	$H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$
57.7%	6.32%	0.022%	0.029%

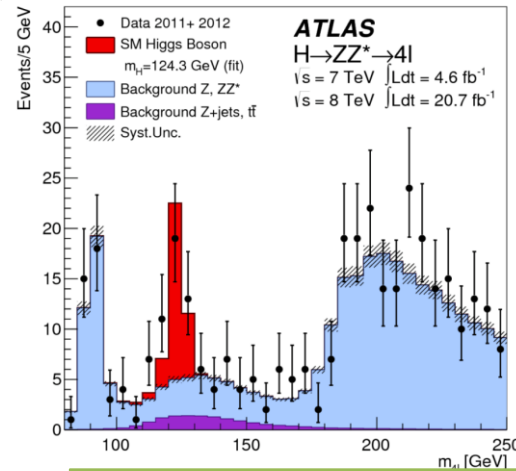
$H \rightarrow gg$	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	$H \rightarrow WW$	$H \rightarrow ZZ$	$\Gamma_H [\text{MeV}]$
8.6%	0.23%	0.15%	21.5%	2.64%	4.07

2012年末まで全データでのアップデート

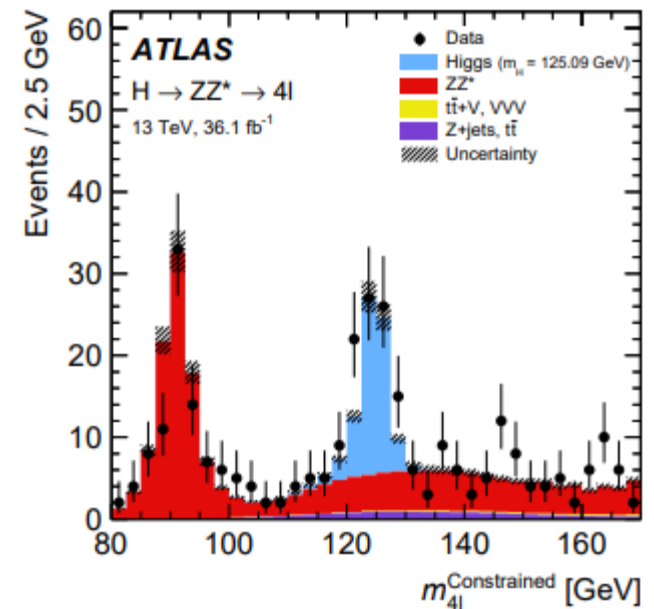
2012年夏の結果



Signal significance:
 Observed: **7.4 σ**
 Expected: **4.3 σ**

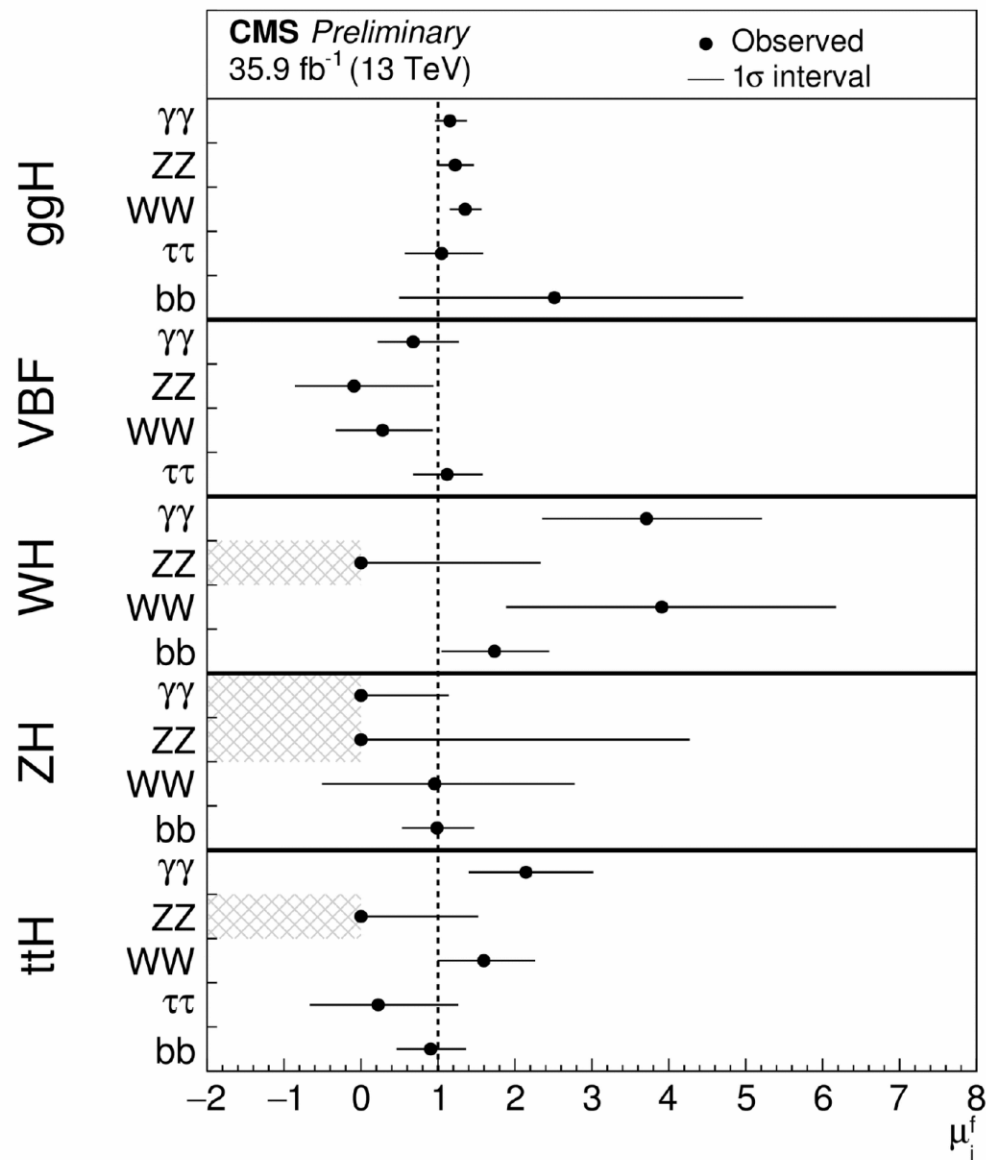


Significance:
 Observed: **6.6 σ**
 Expected: **4.4 σ**



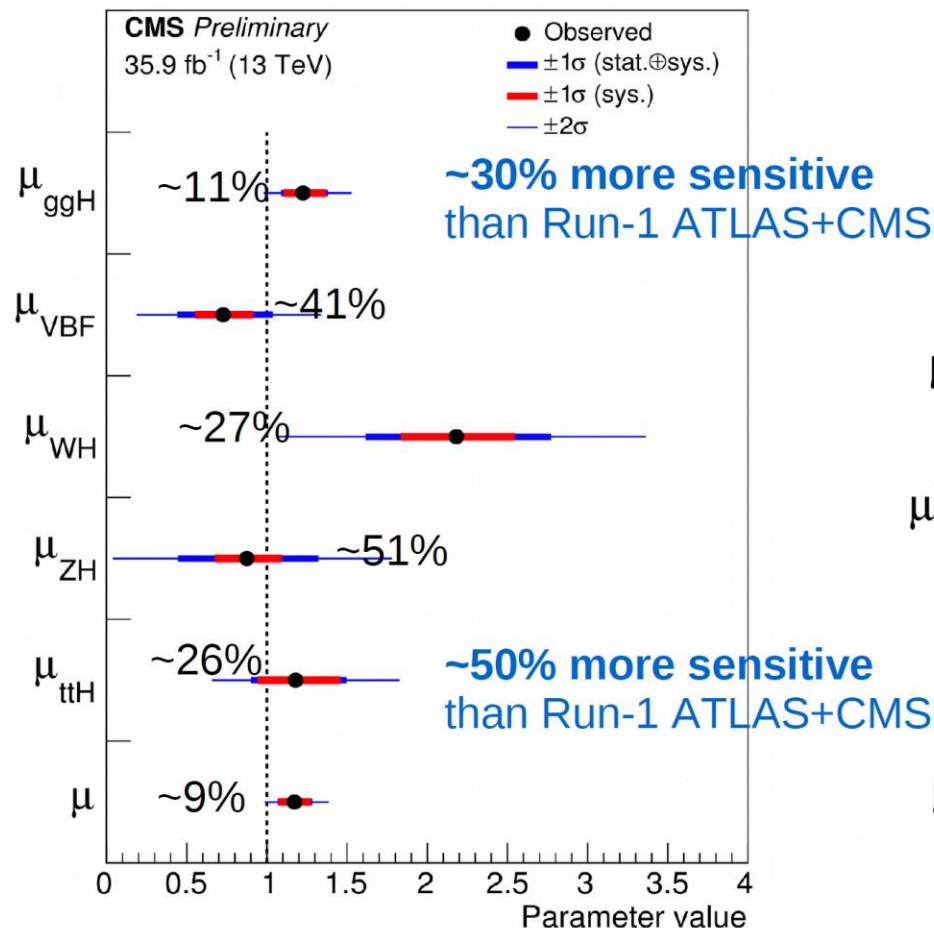
Combination

- ◉ Combine analyses sensitive on 22 from 25 possible production and decay modes
 - Missing to be added soon
- ◉ Higher sensitivity of several measurements than with the Run-1 ATLAS+CMS combination...

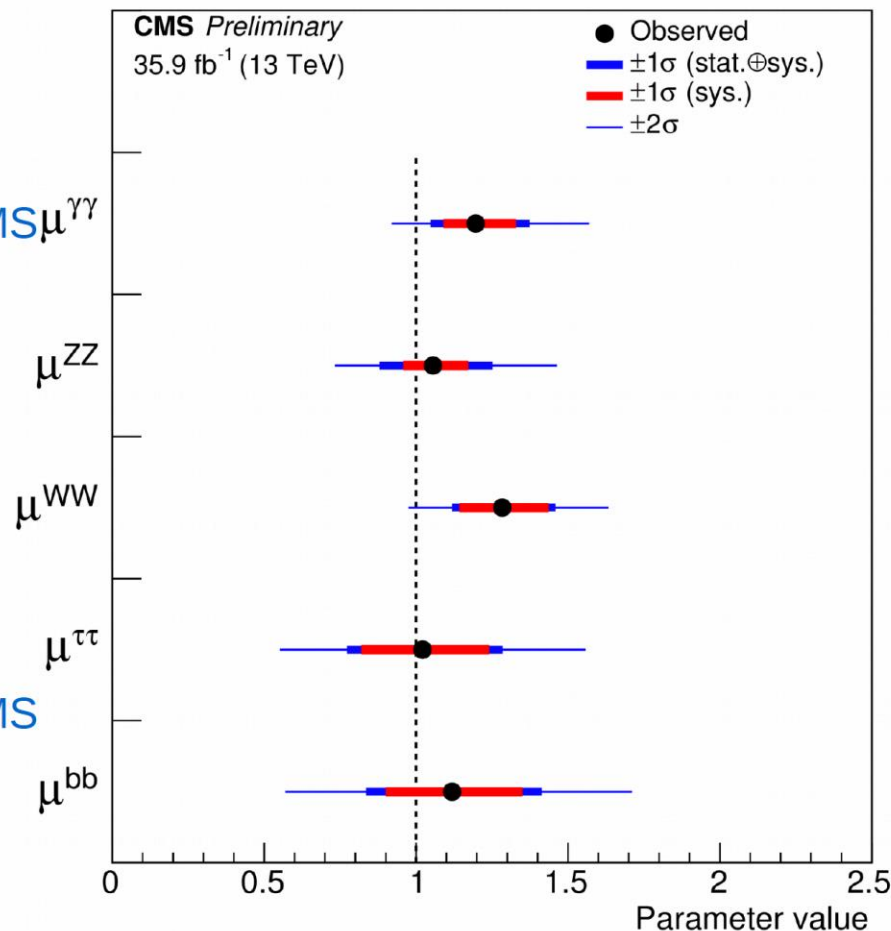


Production & decay modes

Per production mode



Per decay mode



Combined: $\mu = 1.17^{+0.10}_{-0.10} = 1.17^{+0.06}_{-0.06} \text{ (stat.) } ^{+0.06}_{-0.05} \text{ (sig. th.) } ^{+0.06}_{-0.06} \text{ (other sys.)}$